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This Week

By M. I. N. I.

The confidence which Congress reposes in the integrity and efficiency of the Corps of Engineers of the Army makes it quite unlikely that the efforts of any politicians to secure control of the civil works now handled by that agency will be successful. A record virtually unparalleled in the handling of huge sums of public money will not soon be forgotten by the legislators.

The prompt denial by Assistant Secretary of the Navy Edison that he has any intention of accepting the Senatorship from New Jersey is gratifying to the friends of the Navy, who hope that he will continue his efforts to give the nation the best possible administration of the sea services.

And now its a motorized balloon! Under the direction of Maj. Ira R. Koenig, balloon squadron commander at Ft. Sill, Okla., the old observation balloon fixed to the ground and cumbersome to move is being replaced by a motorized balloon, just as many of the gun batteries to which it gives "eyes" have become motorized.

Comdr. Ben Moreel, (CEC), USN, who becomes chief of the bureau of yards and docks with the rank of rear admiral on December 1, is taking advantage of his return trip from Honolulu to Washington to inspect naval shore establishments. Travelling by plane, he inspected the West Coast from San Diego to Seattle.

The legal desk in the budget and legislative planning section of the office of the Chief of Staff of the Army changed this week when Lt. Col. Allen M. Burdett, (JAGD), GSC, who has kept track of War Department legislation since the preceding Congress, went to the office of the Judge Advocate General for duty, and Lt. Col. Russell H. Brennan, JAGD, who recently returned from the Philippines, was detailed to the General Staff and assigned to the legislative section.

To his duties as National Secretary of the Reserve Officers Association, Lt. Col. W. P. Wattles, Sig.-Res., now has the additional responsibilities of the post of chairman of the legislative committee of the organization. With their work on the budget now nearing an end, plans are being made for vigorous presentation of Reserve needs before the Regular session of Congress.

Due to the efforts of Lt. Comdr. Leo J. Broderick, USNR, Lynn, Mass., the old Post Office Building which was turned over to the Second Battalion, Naval Reserve, at Lynn, Mass., as an Armory, has been painted and repaired to simulate a ship. The nautical air instilled into the building well reflects the spirit of this outstanding battalion.

Air Corps Gathers Data For Flight Pay Inquiry

Data gathered by the Office of the Chief of Air Corps regarding the amount of insurance carried by Air Corps officers is now being correlated in the personnel section of that Office preparatory to being submitted to Congress, it was stated this week.

The survey was made at the request of the House subcommittee on Army appropriations, and is expected to form the basis of a study of the flight pay situation. Representative D. Lane Powers, ranking minority member of the subcommittee, who initiated the action, has proposed that Government insurance be wholly or partially substituted for the present system of paying flying officers additional compensation amounting to 50 per cent of their base pay.

The questions asked of Air Corps officers by Maj. Gen. Oscar Westover's office were as to the amount of insurance carried, the amount of premium paid, and the number of dependents. From the returns thus far studied, it was said, it is apparent that few officers spend more than 10 to 12 per cent of their pay for insurance. The usual situation is for a young officer to take out \$10,000 Government insurance when commissioned. Commanding officers, it was stated, strongly urge newly commissioned officers to take advantage of the offer. Then, in the average case, an officer after about three years service will marry and take out an additional \$10,000 with a private company. Later on, additional insurance is usually secured, with the average senior officer probably carrying from \$25,000 to \$40,000 protection, it was said.

Air Corps officers regard the Congressional study as an economy move, the idea being that considerable money could be saved if insurance were substituted for flight pay in amounts commensurate to what officers could buy with their present flight pay. Congressman Powers, however, declares that he knows of cases of Air Corps officers who leave widows and children without any insurance or other means and would like to prevent such instances. Officers, however, declare that these cases are rare, and contend that the overwhelming majority of officers should not be penalized to protect the irresponsible few, for officers feel that any change in the law to substitute insurance for flight pay would be penalizing them.

Such a move, it is declared, would be detrimental to the Air Corps in that it would be much less attractive to young officers. Many West Point graduates, those without dependents, it is estimated, would decide not to apply for flight training if the attraction of higher pay is no longer offered. A year or two later, when they marry and the insurance would interest them, it is felt, their wives would be likely to dissuade them from entering aviation. Another factor which would probably make the Air Corps less attractive to young officers, it was suggested, is that officers could no longer look forward to flight pay increasing year by year.

Officers contend that substitution of in-
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Endorses Auto Allowance

Representative Andrew J. May, acting chairman of the House Military Affairs Committee, said this week that he looked with favor on the proposal to establish an allowance for personnel of the armed services who have to use their privately owned automobiles on Government business.

"The use of Government automobiles by Federal employees in Washington and elsewhere has been greatly abused," Mr. May said. "Those who were allowed cars to carry on their official duties also used them for their personal pleasure in many cases. Congress has therefore been strict in regard to Government automobiles. In lieu thereof, and because of the fact that Army officers must maintain a car if they are to perform their duties, some expense item, an allowance, would seem to be justified."

"The Military Affairs Committee may give its attention to this proposition during the special session. If someone introduces a bill and it appears to be a just and fair proposal, it will be considered by the committee."

Representative May is now ranking majority member of the Committee. If Representative Lister Hill is successful in his race for a Senate seat in the Alabama primary Jan. 4, Mr. May is expected to succeed him as chairman of the group.

Navy Selection Bill

Representative Byron N. Scott, D. of Calif., said this week that he plans to introduce a Navy personnel bill within the next week or two based on the Wyatt promotion plan.

After discussing the plan with the Bureau of Navigation and with its author Lt. Comdr. J. L. Wyatt, USN, Congressman Scott turned the measure over to the Judge Advocate General's Office of the Navy Department to be put into the form of a bill. As soon as it has been drafted, he states, he will introduce it in the House and press for its consideration at the regular session of Congress when the House Naval Affairs Committee is expected to initiate hearings on naval selection reform.

"I read the explanation of the plan in the *Journal*," Congressman Scott said. "It sounded rather promising, so I asked Admiral Andrews about it and had him arrange for Commander Wyatt to discuss it with me. I consider it to be a good bill and I am going to introduce it. It has many advantages which none of the other proposals thus far advanced have presented, and it may be the answer to the Navy's promotion difficulties."

One variation will be made by Representative Scott in the plan as it was submitted to the Bureau of Navigation by Lieutenant Commander Wyatt. He will use the alternate method proposed by the latter for reducing the large number of passed over lieutenants rather than the method contained in the plan itself.

Section XVII of the Wyatt plan as published in Oct. 30, 1937 issue of the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL provided for the enforced retirement of the present group of passed over lieutenants earlier than the
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Budget Approves Bill For Educational Orders

Moving to fill a vital gap in National Defense plans, the War Department has asked Congress that it be permitted to place "educational orders" with industry in peace time in order to assure a prompt and adequate production of munitions and other essential materials in the event of war.

With the approval of the President, General Malin Craig, as Acting Secretary of War, has written to the House Military Affairs Committee, urging passage of legislation authorizing the award of contracts to selected commercial factories which in an emergency may be readily converted into munition plants or establishments producing other essential war equipment. Endorsement was given to the Smith bill (HR 6426) under which it is contemplated that small orders be given to a number of companies to acquaint their executives and workmen with the processes of manufacture of the desired war materials and enable the Government to acquire a number of sets of gages, dies, jigs, tools and fixtures for their production.

In approving the Smith bill in principle, however, the Administration limited its endorsement to but half of the contemplated ten million dollar outlay, agreeing to an annual expenditure of a million dollars for a five year period.

Considered one of the two most important Army projects to be before Congress this Winter, the measure will receive the early attention of the House Military Committee, it was assured this week. Representative J. Joseph Smith, D. of Conn., sponsor of the bill, and a member of the group, states that at the first meeting of the committee he will move that it be taken up. Representative Andrew J. May, D. of Ky., who will become chairman of the committee if the present head, Representative Lister Hill, wins a seat in the Senate, indicated his support of the proposal this week.

"The committee will certainly take up this important bill," Mr. May said. "It is just as important to train personnel to produce war materials as it is to train them to fight and to build airplanes and warships."

Some opposition to the bill is expected because of the fact that the contracts authorized by the measure would be negotiated and would not go to the lowest bidder. Under the bill, the Secretary of War would solicit bids "only from such establishments as, in the Secretary's judgment will be competent in time of war to manufacture the particular class of special munitions with respect to which the bid is solicited." Furthermore, it is provided, the Secretary may determine which bidder shall receive the contract, basing his award solely on what he considers the best interests of National Defense.

In recommending legislation of this type, the Administration is following the lead of Great Britain, for in announcing its huge rearmament program a year ago the British Government laid down as one of its principal features a program of
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Fall of Shanghai and Chinese Stand Discussed by Editors

The fall of Shanghai, with its attendant military and diplomatic repercussions, has excited wide comment in the newspapers of America. Newspapers have been almost unanimous in their praise of the Chinese efforts. The following editorials reflect the sentiment of American newspapers.

"The fall of Shanghai is a moral defeat for China," says the Dallas, Tex., *Times-Herald*, "but, from a purely military standpoint, it is not serious. Losses of territory in North China are more hurtful to the cause of General Chiang Kai-Shek.

"With Shanghai in its possession, Japan is in a stronger position to deal with peace negotiators. It can show that continuation of the war is likely to mean Chinese attacks on the city. This may cause the powers to urge General Chiang Kai-Shek to accept peace terms, provided Japan offers terms that are not onerous to the other nations."

The Long Beach, Calif., *Press-Telegram*, says, "The Fall of Shanghai is by no means the final chapter of this strange conflict. While it is the most important commercial city on the Asiatic mainland, and its capture is a victory of no small moment for Japan, the chief concern of the Chinese is to prevent the capital, Nanking, from dropping into Japanese hands. It is for this purpose that the native armies are forming a new line at a point where enemy warships will be less effective.

"Japan's primary purpose, according to earlier statements from Tokio, is to crush Chiang Kai-Shek and his government. Thus far the Japanese attack has strengthened the Chinese morale, bringing about a spirit of unity that never has prevailed, previously, in that country. The latest Japanese successes may serve to cement this determination to resist at all costs. Unless peace plans have better prospect than has appeared thus far, a long and increasingly bitter war seems inevitable."

"Shanghai falls at last. Japanese troops flood into the shattered metropolis, their usually stolid faces bright with excitement and triumph. It is a great victory—but not a glorious one." That is the comment of the Evansville, Ind., *Courier*. "The winners have paid a great price. A Japanese army melted away in that sedge of a great city whose only fortifications were the flesh and blood of Chinese patriots. But the greatest price paid was the loss of the traditions of Japanese invincibility.

"Life is sweet, but life in Asia is cheap, and orientals seem to value it less than occidentals. Despite their vast losses, and the destruction of a great city, resulting from the lack of arms and modern equipment and inferior training of the defenders, the Chinese command and the Chinese people are not downcast by their forced retreat. Neither they or their enemies intended to fight there on such a major scale.

"To escape the invader's pincers, they withdrew toward Nanking, their ancient

capital. General Chiang has steadily maintained that their real defense is in the west, and that China cannot be beaten there. We shall see."

The Oakland, Calif., *Tribune*, lauds China's stand, writing, "In other days, a Chinese retreat was often followed by a rout. With inadequate military machine, a shortage of supplies and money and dissensions in the field, defeat usually meant a haste on the part of China to retrieve by surrender the most that could be salvaged from the situation. There was no other course.

"This campaign has demonstrated that the Chinese have learned the art of retreating. They might fall back slowly, but they fight all the way and prepare new positions. Any idea once held that the war would end before winter set in is gone. The Japanese press now tells its readers they must be prepared for a long campaign. In the military scheme Shanghai was to have been a route, but it was not. At great cost, Japan has gained but a few miles of scarred land. The longer the fighting continues the more difficult it will be for Tokio to get credit abroad."

"What will be the reaction if cable dispatches should say that bombs have dropped on 'military objectives' in Tokio, with heavy casualties among Japanese women and children?" asks the Nashville, Tenn., *Tennessean*. "That has not happened yet, but Mme. Chiang Kai-Shek writes that 'my air-force' soon will be reinforced with fighting bombers of the latest type, which can out-manuever and outdistance the latest Japanese planes, whereupon they will fly to Tokio. Strict orders, she says, will be issued for non-combatants to be spared in these predicted raids, but the possibility of error is implied.

"Whether Chinese airmen will ever reach the Japanese mainland is a matter of speculation. But it is possible from a theoretical standpoint. With the right kind of planes, the Chinese might get through to drop their bombs, and when that happens there are liable to be civilian casualties. We would, under those circumstances, hear much about barbarous and uncivilized warfare.

"For the sake of the Japanese people who are not the instigators of this war, one hopes that they will be spared even a part of the suffering that has been visited on the Chinese in a hundred cities, many of them unfortified."

The San Francisco, Calif., *Chronicle*, comments, "The Shanghai gesture of the Japanese General who is issuing commands and warnings to the International Settlement and talking about censorship of its letters and cables is nothing more to get excited about than other events in that area. It is one more step in a remorseless test of the patience of peaceable peoples. If we want to keep out of trouble, we shall have to put up with this as well as what has gone, and more like it. And we do want to keep out of trouble."

Study Flight Pay

(Continued from First Page)

Insurance for flight pay would prove very disadvantageous not only to officers without dependents but also to those with wives with independent means. Another reason offered in opposition to the proposal of substituting Government insurance for flight pay is that practically every Air Corps officer would cash in his existing commercial policies and that such a move would mean the cancellation of some \$35,000,000 worth of insurance, a move that insurance companies would oppose.

77th Pursuit Squadron Wins

Maj. Gen. Frank M. Andrews, commanding the GHQ Air Force has announced that the Lake Trophy for proficiency in aerial machine gunnery has been awarded to the 77th Pursuit Squadron of Barksdale Field, La. The presentation was made by General Andrews on Nov. 21.

The 77th Pursuit Squadron is now commanded by Maj. Milo N. Clark, but was commanded by Maj. Carlton F. Bond for about eight months of the training year for which the trophy is awarded.

Fire at Annapolis

A fire at Carvel Hall, Annapolis, Md., Nov. 21, severely damaged the fourth floor of that historic landmark. Midshipmen from the Academy, sailors, marines, and firemen from six towns battled the wind-fanned blaze which raged for two hours before it was brought under control. The original Carvel Hall, built in 1763 by William Paca, a signer of the Declaration of Independence, was saved from the flames.

Rear Adm. David F. Sellers, Superintendent of the U. S. Naval Academy, saw the fire as he left a near-by church. He rushed into the building, helped Mrs. Henry Delano, wife of Capt. Henry Delano, USN, to remove her belongings and returned with Chaplain William Thomas of the Academy, to assist Mrs. H. C. Clark, widow of a former chaplain, to escape.

Ft. Hamilton Beat Ft. Jay

Ft. Hamilton, N. Y.—Hitherto undefeated by a military team, Ft. Jay's football club was soundly trounced by Ft. Hamilton, Sunday, Nov. 21, by a score of 25 to 0. Definitely established as favorites by virtue of their victory over Ft. Hoyle on Nov. 14 in which contest they won the 1st Division Championship, the Ft. Jay team was completely outplayed and outsmarted throughout the entire game.

The Ft. Hamilton line was impregnable; while the backfield executed every play with precision and smoothness which thrilled the spectators. Lts. W. Stromberg and J. Phelan alternated in calling the Ft. Jay plays but were unable to penetrate beyond Ft. Hamilton's 20 yard line.

The Hamilton team scored in every period. In the first period Pvt. 1cl. Charles Grimmel, left halfback, scored on a 30-yard run off tackle while eluding a half dozen tacklers. In the 2nd quarter Lt. Christopher Michel, former City College of New York quarter, ran back a kick from the 50 to Jay's 3-yard line. His team mates provided excellent interference. Pvt. 1cl. Wm. Lawrence plunged 3 yards for the second score.

The second half found Ft. Jay utilizing all their trick plays and resorting to an aerial offense. Grimmel electrified the spectators when he intercepted a forward pass on his own 45 yard line and raced 55 yards for a touchdown. The run was spectacular and he eluded at least 6 possible tacklers enroute to the goal line. In the last quarter Pvt. J. Rich got off a long punt which was touched down on Jay's 1 yard line. Ft. Jay immediately attempted to kick out of danger but Pvt. Mario George broke through; blocked the kick and recovered on Jay's 3 yard line. Lieutenant Michel went over for the final touchdown after twice hitting the line. The extra point was earned on a pass from Lieutenant Michel to George. Private Rich's kicking for Ft. Hamilton was an outstanding feature of the game.

Ft. Hamilton intercepted 6 passes and blocked 4 kicks; and outrushed Ft. Jay 16 first downs to 6.

Ft. Hamilton's record for the season is 4 losses; 1 tie and 3 victories. They have

2 more games to play. The Ft. Hamilton team is coached by Mr. Tony Siano former Fordham All-American center.

Army-Navy Football

Today, the Army and Navy football teams meet at Philadelphia in the thirty-eighth renewal of the service grid classic.

Coach Hank Hartwick, Navy mentor, today finds himself in the rare position of being a Navy football coach, going into the annual Army battle with a weight advantage. Navy will average nearly four pounds a man heavier than the Army.

In predicting the winner of this, or any, Army-Navy game, the best procedure is to take all the comparative scores, all the learned analysis and all the statistics, and file them in that round case that stands by the corner of the desk.

Navy has been battered around in carrying out a murderous football schedule. Bill Ingram, one of her best backs, has suffered from injuries all season, and his appearance in today's game appears extremely doubtful. To the Navy's injured list is also added the name of Al Bergner, who was injured in the Princeton game.

Army has played a more consistent brand of ball all year, and in the St. John's game last week, Coach Gar Davidson rested his entire first string, letting his reserves turn back the Johnnies.

The Army backfield, including Wilson and Craig as alternates in the running back position, appears slightly stronger than that of the Navy. Long and Schwenk, at wingback and full back, give the Army a well rounded offense.

Navy appears to be slightly weaker on pass defense than the Army, but stronger in the line. Navy teams have consistently good lines and so far this year the Navy forwards have played smart, aggressive ball.

The difference between the two teams will be the mental attitude. If the Navy can come back after the lacing she received at the hands of Princeton last Saturday, she stands a better than even chance of winning. On the other hand, the Army has not been so recently subjected to a physical beating as has the

Navy, her first string players rested last week.

Of the 38 contests thus far played, the Army has won 20, the Navy has won 14 and 3 games have been ties. Coach Davidson, will conclude five years of coaching duty at the Academy this year, and the Army team is determined to present him with a victory over Navy as a farewell gift.

As usual, the Army Athletic Association headquarters will be at the Benjamin Franklin Hotel.

At fullback for Navy will be Bill Antrim, the boy who has seen as much if not more service in the Navy backfield than any other man. Antrim is a ball players hall player. Not a spectacular runner, nor in a position that courts reams of newspaper publicity, Antrim has been one of the greatest factors in Navy successes of the past few years:

Following are the probable line-ups, the substitutes, and the officials for the game:

Army	Position	Navy
17 Rogner	LE	69 Fike
43 Ishell	LT	30 Bergner
25 Little	LG	32 Specter
18 Hartline	C	65 Wallace
59 Skner	RG	93 Player
15 Stella	RT	43 Hysong
27 Sullivan	RE	91 Powell
54 Ryan	QB	85 Franks
33 Wilson	LHB	72 Cooke
2 Long	RHB	27 Wood
75 Schwenk	FB	88 Antrim

ARMY SUBSTITUTES: Samuel (6), O'Connor (7), Bailey (10), Boyt (11), Craig (12), Martin (14), Lotozo (21), Yeager (22), Kasper, R. (26), Brown (32), Davis (39), Kobes (41), Howell (42), Light (45), Blanchard (46), Mullin (50), McDavid (55), Kasper, W. (62), Maxwell (63), Miller (64), Frontczak (66), Dobson (70), Mather (76), Milner (89), Eadress (90).

NAVY SUBSTITUTES: Coward (18), Roof (41), Burke (58), Baughman (62), Corbett (66), Ingram (28), Lynch (23), McGrath (31), Jarvis (48), VanMeter (83), Gunderson (82), DuBois (33), McMullen (55), Minville (84), Andrews (29), Gurnee (75), Fincher (84), Worden (19), Gillette (26), Remann (39), Shafer (45), Hansen (56), McFarland (59), Whitehead (63), Case (66).

OFFICIALS:
Referee: W. G. Crowell (Swarthmore).
Umpire: C. M. Waters (Williams).
Head Linesman: L. Conover (Penn State).
Field Judge: G. Vergare (Notre Dame).

Seek Educational Orders

(Continued from First Page)

"educational orders" for industry. It, however, is not a new idea in the War Department, having been recommended for years by the Office of the Assistant Secretary of War as a vital cog in industrial mobilization.

Declaring that the lack of such a program was "one of the weak points" in its war plans, the War Department letter on the Smith bill reveals that at present under the industrial preparedness program manufacturers are given drawings and specifications and even production schedules, of the material they are to produce in war-time. However, with only a "paper knowledge" of what is to be done, manufacturers cannot be expected to produce on schedule, it was said. The present bill is intended to afford the necessary practical experience to manufacturers to enable them to produce the munitions in accordance with the Army's needs. The text of the Smith bill follows:

That the Secretary of War is hereby authorized to place educational orders for munitions of war of special or technical design, or both, noncommercial in character (hereinafter called "special munitions"), and essential accessories and parts thereof needed in the military service, with commercial concerns to familiarize commercial and manufacturing establishments with the manufacture of such munitions and such accessories and parts. In arranging for placing such educational orders, bills shall be solicited only from such establishments as, in the Secretary's judgment, will be competent in time of war to manufacture the particular class of special munitions with respect to which the bid is solicited. In the determination of which classes of special munitions are to be manufactured under this Act, and in the determination of which of the solicited bidders is to be awarded any contract, the Secretary shall have regard solely to the selection of such classes of special munitions and of such bidders as will, in his judgment, under all the circumstances, best serve the interest of the United States and best promote the cause of national defense. The Secretary of War shall enter into no contract under this section without the approval of the President.

Sec. 2. That the first of any such educational orders placed with any person, firm, or corporation for supplying any such munitions, accessories, or parts, may include a complete set of such gages, dies, jigs, tools, fixtures, and other special aids and appliances, including drawings thereof, as may be required for the production of such munitions, accessories, and parts in quantity in the event of an emergency. The title to all such facilities shall remain in the Government of the United States.

Sec. 3. That not more than one such educational order for the manufacture of the same, or substantially the same, article of special munitions shall be given to the same person, firm, or corporation within any period of three successive years. This section shall not prohibit the awarding of any contract during any war in which the United States is engaged.

Sec. 4. That, to carry out the provisions of this Act, there is authorized to be appropriated the sum of \$2,000,000 during each of the five fiscal years beginning with the fiscal year during which this Act is enacted.

The letter of the War Department provides:

Efforts have been made by the War Department at various intervals since the World War to obtain legislation exactly along these lines, in order that one of the weak points in our plans for industrial mobilization might be overcome. At a recent meeting of Ordnance District Chiefs and their Executives the subject of educational orders was again emphasized as one of the most important things confronting the Ordnance Procurement Districts in their dealings with industry with a view toward obtaining early production of munitions in case of a national emergency.

As our planning now stands, a responsible manufacturer who has had no experience whatsoever in peace-time in the production of munitions may be called upon in time of emergency to convert his plants from their peacetime pursuits to the production of munitions noncommercial in character. Plans and specifications for the munitions to be produced, for the various tools needed to produce them and for the factory lay-out for their production are essential but are only the first step. The War Department knows that successful quantity production, especially in the early months requires the adaption of such plans to factory practice and a familiarity on the part of the men on the job with the numerous processes which enter into the manufacture. Such experience can be gained by commercial concerns only by actual production of the materials.

Educational orders placed with firms that

have already been allocated materials to produce in emergency will serve the purpose of familiarizing them with the details and difficulties of manufacture and will save months in an emergency. Such orders should be diversified as to critical types of material and should be placed with the greatest number of commercial plants possible, in order that engineering organizations may study the munitions to be made and plan the necessary tools, jigs, fixtures and gages for their manufacture.

Under existing conditions the Ordnance Department of the Army maintains facilities at its six manufacturing establishments for the development, production and maintenance of Ordnance material. It is the practice to place some orders for finished and semi-finished material and all orders for raw material with commercial concerns. The facilities available are adequate for supplying only a portion of the total requirement in the event of a major emergency. In such an emergency civil industry must be called upon to do its share. Similar conditions prevail in other supply arms and services of the War Department.

We find that our program of industrial preparedness now enables us to acquaint the prospective manufacturer with drawings and specifications and production schedules pertaining to items that will be required of him, but in most instances he is never given an opportunity to produce such items in time of peace. In short the manufacturer has a paper knowledge but no practical experience pertaining to the munitions which the War Department is depending upon him to produce at a specific rate. Here is where the educational orders fit into our scheme of industrial planning for emergency production. Educational orders will not only provide the means of imparting practical experience in the manufacture of munitions which the industrial concerns will be called upon to produce in large quantities in an emergency, but also by the application of Section 2 of H. R. 6246 the Government will accumulate complete sets of gages, dies, jigs, tools and fixtures and their special aids and appliances needed for the production of such munitions. Again it can be stated that the very existence of these essential accessories will greatly aid in bringing about rapid and economical production in case of a national emergency.

Authority of the Secretary of War to place educational orders will not interfere with our Government manufacturing arsenals and establishments. The War Department will keep at all times, within the limits of appropriations made available, a force of trained and skilled workmen to keep alive the art of manufacture and to maintain the arsenals intact not only to produce their full share of the load allocated to them for war production, but also to provide trained inspectors and technicians necessary to assist commercial plants with their war time tasks.

For the reasons set forth above, it is urgently recommended that favorable consideration be given to the enactment of legislation such as contained in H. R. 6246.

Opposes Allowance Increase

Declaring that any increase in compensation for retired enlisted men should be accomplished by raising the active pay rates, the War Department opposes legislation to increase the allowances of retired men from \$15.75 to \$30 a month.

In a letter to the House Military Committee, giving the Department's views on HR 8041, Secretary of War Woodring said:

"The allowances established by the Act of March 2, 1907 were in lieu of rations, clothing, quarters, fuel and light. Even at that time the sum allowed would not have covered the cost of the items enumerated. In the meantime, the Acts of June 4, 1920 and June 10, 1922 increased the active pay of enlisted men and these increases have correspondingly affected retired pay and augmented the total retired compensation received. It is this total compensation with which the individual is concerned and not its arbitrary subdivision into pay and allowances. Any further increase in retired pay deemed necessary should, therefore, be accomplished, as in 1920 and 1922, by readjusting the corresponding rates of active pay and not by increasing the allowances."

Fort Hamilton Bowling

The Post Team from Ft. Hamilton, New York, rolled high score for the year Monday night, November 22, when they topped the maples for a 1101 score in the third game of the series with the defending champions of the Home Talk League, the Aiello and Calme team. Displaying rare form in all its games this year, it is expected by the followers of the game that the Post Team will carry

off all the high honors this season.

Individual scores in this game were: Holbrook 258; Barnes 256; Ward 205; Koval 201; Pirga 181.

John Paul Jones House

The Naval Historical Foundation held its 10th annual meeting on Friday, Nov. 26, at the Naval Library in the Navy Department in Washington.

The Foundation's prime objective at the present time, the acquisition of the John Paul Jones house at Fredericksburg, Va., was discussed fully, and the possibility of obtaining government aid in the project was broached.

More detailed plans for the renovation of the property, and a comprehensive program for solicitation, starting after January 1, were outlined.

The \$50,000 goal set by the Foundation as necessary to carry the project is still far short of realization. Up until just before the meeting, the amount subscribed remained at \$7,800. Much concern was expressed over the present condition of the house, now occupied on the first floor by a store, and members of the Foundation urged that, as the option taken by the Foundation a few months ago has now been exercised, no time be lost in taking advantage of it.

It has been suggested that the scope of the project be enlarged so that the house may truly become a museum of Revolutionary Naval mementos. It has been pointed out that the United States today does not have a truly representative collection of relics of the birth of our nation's Navy, and that now is the time to assure posterity of an accurate picture of the founding of the American Naval tradition.

The members of the Foundation have expressed great concern over the fire hazard created by the adjoining house, of frame construction, and believe that it will be necessary to tear down the structure to protect the Jones house.

The John Paul Jones house at Fredericksburg is the most important landmark connecting the American Naval officer with the country he so ably served. There, as a citizen of Fredericksburg, he actively participated in arousing the people of the town in support of the American Revolution. It is fitting that America should preserve the building that housed one of her greatest military figures and the man who did so much to create the American Naval tradition.

The real drive for contributions will begin with the new year and continue until the sum is realized.

Army Confirmations

The following recess nominations of officers of the Army were confirmed by the Senate, Nov. 22:

Appointments

To be Judge Advocate General, with the rank of major general, Col. A. W. Gullion, JAGD.

To be Chief of Engineers, with the rank of major general, Col. J. L. Schley, CE.

To be Chief Signal Officer, with the rank of major general, Col. J. O. Mauborgne, SC.

To be brigadier general, W. E. Prosser, SC.

Temporary Promotions in the Air Corps

To be colonels: J. C. McDonnell, R. M. Jones.

To be lieutenant colonels: L. T. Miller, A. B. McDaniel, F. M. Brady, A. E. Easterbrook, W. B. Gates, I. C. Eaker.

To be majors: Jack Greer, Guy Kirksey, T. H. Chapman, J. M. McDonnell, A. H. Foster, H. H. Mills, Edwin Sullivan, J. R. Drumm, O. K. Robbins, J. R. Glascock, C. G. Breneman, G. V. McPike, G. G. Cressey, C. E. Crumrine, R. H. Cooper, R. L. Owens, J. S. Gullet, H. G. Woodward, J. R. Morgan, R. C. Wriston, C. E. Thomas, Jr., J. B. Jordan, J. C. Shively, J. C. Cluck, W. N. Amlis, H. H. Carr, R. B. Davidson, S. T. Smith, Evers Abbey, J. P. Bailey, C. F. Horton, R. B. Brown, W. J. McKiernan, Jr., E. R. McReynolds, D. G. Lingle, R. M. Webster, S. F. Landers, M. A. Clark, H. G. Crocker, Ned Schramm, J. A. Madaras, E. M. Robbins, J. C. Hodgson, S. M. Unstead, R. W. Hammond, Charles Buckes, Capt. R. G. Harris, Pardee Martin.

Appointments in CE

To be second lieutenants: 2nd Lt. A. A. Blatherwick, CE-Res., 2nd Lt. W. G. Van Allen, Inf.-Res., 2nd Lt. J. A. Gibbs, CE-Res., 2nd Lt. E. C. Adams, CE-Res., 2nd Lt. L. E. Cox, CE-Res., 2nd Lt. C. V. Ruzek, Jr., CE-Res., 2nd Lt. H. F. Troutman, CAC-Res., 2nd Lt. W. H. Van Atta, CAC-Res., H. C. Rowland, Jr., USNR, 1st Lt. E. A. Tillman, Inf.-Res., 2nd Lt. J. A. Smedlie, CE-Res.,

2nd Lt. W. D. Murphy, CE-Res., 2nd Lt. J. A. Morrison, Inf.-Res., 2nd Lt. W. O. Peale, Jr., CE-Res., 2nd Lt. J. A. Allgair, Inf.-Res., 2nd Lt. J. D. Holm, Jr., CE-Res., 2nd Lt. P. H. Lanphier, SC-Res., 2nd Lt. E. H. Williams, CE-Res.

Medical Corps Appointments

To be first lieutenants: J. B. Coates, Jr., B. E. Pollock, W. D. Preston, W. H. Vaughan, Jr., R. P. Mason, D. J. Sheehan, C. B. White, J. B. Cannon, D. E. Carle, T. D. McCarthy, J. B. Seaman.

Dental Corps Appointments

To be first lieutenants: R. D. Johnson, B. C. Hammon, A. N. Kracht, M. C. Harlan, W. H. Day, M. F. Sullivan, G. B. Widner, R. H. Carnahan, J. O. Mitchell, C. K. Reger, G. H. Timke, Jr., C. D. Oatman, Jr., J. S. Pegg, T. J. Hagen, W. B. Simms, C. F. Schuessler, M. C. Clerk, J. E. Finnegan, F. R. Corbin, F. H. Richardson, Jr., H. S. Carroll, D. B. Lenkerd, F. G. Bolton.

Veterinary Corps Appointments

To be first lieutenants: E. G. Kingdon, J. K. Allen.

Transfers

To Adjutant General's Department—Capt. C. C. Cavender, Inf., Capt. A. G. Kelly, Inf., Capt. C. R. Landon, Inf., Capt. N. F. McCurdy, Cav., Capt. F. M. Smith, Inf.

To Quartermaster Corps—Maj. E. P. H. Gempel, CWS, Maj. F. F. Hall, Inf., Maj. W. R. McReynolds, Inf., Maj. Norman Minus, Inf., Maj. G. C. Pilkington, Inf., Capt. R. E. Blair, Inf., Capt. H. G. Dowdall, Inf., Capt. M. C. Neff, Inf., Capt. J. E. Rycroft, Inf., Capt. C. E. Smith, Inf., 1st Lt. C. G. Calloway, CAC.

To Finance Department—Capt. S. B. Elkins, Inf.

To Ordnance Department—1st Lt. P. W. Smith, Cav.

To Signal Corps—Capt. M. P. Chadwick, FA.

To Chemical Warfare Service—Capt. T. A. Doxey, Jr., FA.

To Field Artillery—1st Lt. L. M. deL. deRiemer, Cav.

To Air Corps—The following second lieutenants: J. K. Arnold, Jr., CAC, W. C. Barrett, Inf., J. M. Bartella, Inf., Frederick Bell, CAC, C. K. Bowen, Jr., FA, E. L. P. Burke, Inf., R. H. Carmichael, FA, G. P. Champion, Inf., A. P. Clark, Jr., Cav., C. E. Combs, Cav., W. E. Covington, Jr., Inf., L. J. Elliott, Inf., R. D. Gopen, FA, F. W. Gillespie, CAC, C. T. Goldenberg, Inf., W. R. Grohs, Cav., E. S. Holmes, Jr., Inf., C. L. Hoamer, Inf., S. W. Hulse, Jr., FA, W. W. Jones, Inf., J. R. Kelly, Inf., W. L. Kimball, Inf., W. G. Lee, Jr., Inf., W. M. McElie, Inf., C. M. McCorkle, FA, D. O. Montelth, CE, J. J. Nassaro, Inf., C. F. Necrason, SC, C. M. Parks, Inf., T. C. Rogers, Inf., J. D. Rutledge, Jr., FA, V. B. Shores, Jr., Inf., N. C. Spencer, Jr., FA, C. B. Stewart, CAC, F. R. Terrell, FA, C. U. True, Inf., J. W. Twaddell, Jr., Cav., C. D. Vincent, FA.

Promotions

To be colonels—F. K. Ross, FA, O. E. Clark, Inf., A. C. McBride, FA, Herman Kobbé, Cav., J. N. Reynolds, AC, L. C. Sparks, FA, R. F. Maddux, CAC, L. B. Chambers, CE, J. H. Stutesman, Inf., J. A. Crane, FA, J. A. Warden, QMC, F. M. Kennedy, AC, J. T. Harris, QMC, A. S. J. Tucker, Inf., M. O. French, Inf., F. A. Prince, FA, John Mather, OD, G. W. C. Whiting, Inf.

To be lieutenant colonels—F. B. Prickett, FA, Calvin DeWitt, Jr., Cav., L. S. S. Berry, Cav., V. M. B. Wales, Cav., W. E. Chambers, Inf., J. M. Tully, Cav., J. deB. Walbach, CAC, W. W. Carr, Inf., Hugh Mitchell, SC, R. Leg. Walsh, AC, R. M. Levy, AGD, T. L. Martin, Inf., G. P. Baldwin, Inf., K. M. Halpine, Inf., G. S. Andrew, Cav., R. P. Shugg, FA, E. H. Freeland, CAC, S. A. Townsend, Cav., R. C. Birmingham, Inf., J. C. Ruddell, CAC, T. J. O'Hare, Inf., A. M. Ellis, Grant, Inf., J. J. Houghton, AC, A. V. Rineason, Jr., CAC.

To be majors—R. J. Whitley, Inf., R. Koenig, AC, Raynor Garey, FA, H. D. W. Riley, CE, Philip Schneeberger, AC, L. H. Richmond, SC, V. G. Schmidt, CAC, F. B. Lyle, FA, K. S. Axtater, AC, W. J. Flood, AC, C. M. Savage, AC, F. D. Ross, Jr., Inf., G. C. Kenney, AC, B. J. Sherry, SC, G. B. Palmer, AC, C. R. Chase, Cav., L. F. Farnley, JAGD, E. F. Cress, Cav., R. H. Green, QMC, J. P. Temple, AC, H. W. Rowan, CWS, R. W. Goodyear, QMC, B. T. Burt, Jr., AC, E. G. Harper, AC, P. G. Bruton, CE, R. A. FitzGerald, Inf., E. F. French, SC, L. A. Smith, AC, H. L. Porter, CE, A. L. Lavery, CAC, F. M. Barrell, QMC, P. S. Edwards, SC, F. J. Jonitz, QMC, W. V. Andrews, AC, Stanton Higgins, Cav., R. F. Perry, Cav., W. A. Metts, Jr., FA, Frank Camm, FA, R. O. Bassett, Jr., Inf., P. S. Lowe, CAC, L. A. Murray, CE, J. A. Gilman, QMC, J. E. Langley, CE, L. D. Macy, Inf.

Medical Corps Promotions

To be lieutenant colonels—W. A. Smith, G. E. Hesser, E. L. Brackney, E. J. Strickler, F. W. Pinger, A. K. Brown, D. C. Campbell, N. C. Mashburn, A. B. Spruit, J. S. Gibson, J. D. R. Woodworth, L. F. Wright, P. D. Moulton, H. H. Price, W. E. M. Devers, W. M. White, J. C. Carballo, S. E. Brown, C. C.

(Continued on next Page)



THE UNITED STATES ARMY



Test Motorized Balloon

The War Department announced this week the completion of the initial phase of experimental tests on the C-6 motorized observation balloon at Ft. Sill, Okla. These tests have been in progress since early September and several hundred flights have been made under a great variety of wind and weather conditions.

The C-6 brings many novel and interesting features to the observation balloon field. The war-time captive balloon, known as the "sausage," and which has remained practically unchanged to the present time, was moored by a cable to a winch. To move it over the terrain when changing its station for observation, it was necessary to "walk" it overland, where power lines, fences, trees and other obstacles make progress slow and difficult, or to pull it down, deflate, roll it up and move it by truck—also a time-consuming process. The C-6 has the advantage that it moves under its own power across country, while its winch moves by a motor; arriving at the proposed rendezvous or ascension site, the balloon lands and is attached to its winch. Thereafter it performs the normal functions as a captive balloon, affording a stationary platform at high elevation for directing artillery fire.

Another great advantage possessed by the C-6 lies in the fact that this new balloon is filled with helium, a non-inflammable and non-explosive gas, while the older type was hydrogen filled, making it much more vulnerable to attack and much more likely to be destroyed by storm or fire.

The C-6 Balloon is 107 feet long and 30 feet in diameter and contains 52,000 cubic feet of helium. The old type "sausage" it replaces was 95 feet long, 27 feet in diameter and contained 37,500 cubic feet of hydrogen. The new balloon is powered by a 90 horsepower Lambert motor, mounted in a detachable car, giving the machine a speed of 40 miles per hour.

Maj. Ira R. Koenig, Balloon Squadron Commander at Ft. Sill, Okla., has charge of the tests, assisted by Maj. W. C. Farnum as operations and engineering officer, and Staff Sergeant Joseph F. McMurray as operations clerk. The balloon was delivered from the lighter-than-air depot at Scott Field, Belleville, Ill., and set up by Master Sgt. Joseph A. Bishop and Staff Sgt. Harrison C. Finley, both of long technical experience in lighter-than-air service at the Depot.

Air and Ground Exchanges

Regarding the attachment of Air Corps officers for training with ground arms and officers of ground arms for training with Air Corps units, the War Department last week announced:

Where circumstances and available funds on allotted status permit, it is desired that short contract courses of instruction be established for Air Corps and ground arms officers. To accomplish this, commanders and chiefs of arms addressed are authorized to attach Air Corps officers under their command to units of ground arms for periods not to exceed two weeks, and similarly, to attach officers of the ground arms to Air Corps units. The purpose of these contact courses is to provide Air Corps officers and officers of ground arms opportunities to serve together and by association to establish the sound, mutual understanding which will lead to intelligent tactical cooperation. Such attachments should be made during periods when the training being conducted by the units concerned is of such type as will prove most instructive to officers of other arms.

In event that appropriate units to which to attach officers are not available under control of the commander or Chief of Arm concerned, direct correspondence with the appropriate commander in arrangement of details is authorized.

Air Corps officers detached from Air Corps units for this purpose will be allowed opportunities to qualify for and to retain their flying pay status.

Insufficiency of funds precludes placing on a flying status for pay purposes any officers of ground arms attached to Air Corps units as authorized herein. Accordingly, participation in flights while on such duty will be optional with the officers concerned.

Thank General MacArthur

The War Department has been advised of the passage of the following Resolution by the Philippine National Assembly on Nov. 21:

"Resolution thanking General Douglas MacArthur for his meritorious services to the Commonwealth of the Philippines.

"Whereas, General Douglas MacArthur has rendered invaluable services to this Commonwealth in organizing the Philippine Army, and has laid the foundation of its national defense, tending to insure its security from outside aggression; and whereas, in the achievement of these objectives, General Douglas MacArthur has unreservedly placed all his experience, science, and personal efforts at the service of this Commonwealth, and the National Assembly believes that they merit praise and recognition from the people of the Commonwealth; now, therefore, be it resolved, that the thanks of the National Assembly, for and on behalf of the people of this Commonwealth, be, as they hereby are, tendered to General Douglas MacArthur for his invaluable services in organizing the Philippine Army and the national defense."

On being advised of the action of the Assembly, General MacArthur made the following statement:

"I am deeply grateful for the signal honor which has been conferred on me by the Philippine National Assembly. I can conceive of no greater distinction than to receive from this famous body its thanks. One of the most inspiring features of my efforts in behalf of the Philippine national defense has been the patriotic and spontaneous support of the Assembly. It is, indeed, this support and the splendid response of the Filipino people in their heroic effort for security, that makes the success of the plan so probable, and tends to render the station of their great leader a reality. I am proud indeed to be the recipient of the gracious and generous action of the Assembly. For nearly 40 years I have been connected with the Filipino people, and my confidence in them, and my esteem and affection for them, have never varied. The tribute they have just paid me, through their distinguished legislators, adds another link to the long chain of friendship which binds us together."

Mechanized Units Busy

Ft. Knox, Ky. — Elements of all regiments and separate battalions of the Seventh Cavalry Brigade participated in road marches for training purposes on Tuesday, Nov. 16.

The First Squadron, First Cavalry, commanded by Captain Hayden Sears, left Ft. Knox at 7 o'clock Tuesday morning and marched across the Ohio River at Louisville; thence northward through Seymour and North Vernon, Indiana, where it turned southward to Madison, Indiana. The squadron made a five-hour bivouac at Madison, and at dusk resumed its march across the Ohio River through Milton, Kentucky, Bloomfield, Bardstown, and thence back to Ft. Knox.

The 13th Cavalry made a regimental march of 100 miles through Elizabethtown, Boston, Shepherdsville and West Point, returning to Ft. Knox at noon, Tuesday.

The Sixty-Eighth Field Artillery participated in the following battery marches: Headquarters Battery marched down Highway 60 to Hardinsburg and return. Battery A marched through Elizabethtown, Hodgenville, Bardstown, and return. Battery B marched south on Highway 31-W to Leitchfield and return. All of these battery marches approximated 100 miles and were completed by noon.

The 12th Observation Squadron flew reconnaissance and communications missions with all of the troops engaged on road marches as indicated above.

On Monday, Nov. 15, the 12th Observation Squadron and Brigade Headquarters Troop engaged in a communications exercise which served to test radio communications of the radio equipment in the observation planes.

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3rd Attack Group Wins

Officers and enlisted men of the Third Attack Group, GHQ Air Force were awarded the Colombian Trophy for Safety in the Air at a ceremony held Nov. 21, 1937, at Barksdale Field, La.

The trophy is given annually to that group of the G. H. Q. Air Force whose record shows the lowest percentage of aircraft accidents per thousand flying hours. The rate achieved by the Third Attack Group during the past year was .172 per thousand flying hours. No one in this organization was killed or seriously injured during the twelve-month period ending June 30 last. More than 23,000 hours were flown by the group. The first award of the Colombian Trophy was made last year and was won by the same organization.

The prize winning group is assigned to the Third Wing of the GHQ Air Force, commanded by Brig. Gen. Frederick L. Martin. The commander of the Barksdale Field Air Base is Col. Robert E. M. Goolrick. Both of these officers are due much credit for the safety record of the Third Attack Group.

Maj. Gen. Frank M. Andrews, commanding the GHQ Air Force, presented the trophy, flying to Barksdale Field in his C-32 command plane.

Army Confirmations

(Continued from Preceding Page)

Johnston, E. F. Harrison, A. J. Treichler, W. D. Mueller, H. A. Clark, J. G. Newgord, M. C. Grow, H. M. Van Hook, S. W. Williams, R. B. Bretz, C. C. Harvey, R. C. Murphy, C. D. Oatman, C. P. Price, H. C. Johannes, E. H. Perry, D. I. Stanton.

C. R. Callard, J. S. Brummette, J. H. Whiteley, J. H. Ashcraft, C. McK. Beck, W. C. Porter, D. A. Myers, J. B. Owen, M. B. Dunning, J. S. Craig, Richmond Favour, Jr., D. W. Sullivan, W. M. Crandall, J. M. Weiss, C. A. Bell, L. F. Putnam, R. L. Holt, J. DuB. Barnwell, E. LeC. Cook, R. L. Cudlipp, V. H. Cornell, G. A. Clapp, J. H. St. John, T. W. O'Brien, W. C. Munley, E. H. Inmon, G. W. Rice, R. J. Platt, J. N. Williams, R. P. Bourbon, W. C. Cox, F. V. Kilgore, J. C. Woodland, W. L. Perry, H. R. Livesay, R. O. Dart, J. F. Lieberman, B. C. Grant, W. B. Foster, C. E. Dovell.

To be major—W. S. Jensen.
To be captains—E. A. Cleve, D. B. Kendrick, Jr., G. W. McCoy, Jr., J. C. Van Valin, W. F. Conway, L. G. Thomas, V. R. Hirschmann, J. W. O'Donnell, F. H. Mowrey, H. T. Marshall, R. D. Smith, W. B. Stryker, W. L. Spaulding.

Dental Corps Promotions

To be lieutenant colonels—T. M. Page, J. B. Harrington, Earle Robbins, R. A. Stout, R. L.

Bodine, J. J. Weeks, T. J. Cassidy, H. A. Hale, W. D. Vall, C. J. Gaynor, W. A. Rose, E. A. Smith, A. E. Anthony, W. B. Caldwell, L. W. Maly, Glover Johns, L. D. Baskin, D. S. Gray, W. B. Stewart, R. R. Newman, B. L. Smith, A. G. Holmes, G. B. Kennebeck, H. R. Finley, J. L. Boyd, R. F. Thompson, E. St. C. Wren, W. S. Shuttleworth.

To be captains—A. N. Kracht, G. T. Perkins, R. L. Bodine, Jr., G. F. Jeffcott.

Veterinary Corps Promotions

To be colonels—G. H. Koon, D. B. Leisinger.

To be lieutenant colonels—F. H. K. Reynolds, S. A. Grover, C. S. Williams, F. W. Shinn, P. H. Riedel, I. R. Pollard, F. C. Hershberger, C. E. Pickering, F. B. Steinkolk, Raymond Randall, S. C. Dildine, J. E. Dornblaser, G. L. Caldwell, J. L. Hartman, J. H. Kintner, S. G. Kielsmeier, P. T. Carpenter, O. H. Dixon, Jr., J. W. Miner, G. J. Rife.

To be captains—J. B. Nichols, A. A. Roby, Jr., D. S. Stevenson, E. S. Hunsberger, W. F. Collins.

Medical Administrative Corps Promotions

To be captain—C. L. Driscoll.

Chaplain Promotions

To be chaplains with the rank of lieutenant colonel—J. R. Wright, H. C. Fraser, J. O. Lindquist, F. M. Thompson, W. B. Zimmerman, J. B. Webster, F. C. Rideout, A. C. Oliver, Jr., John Hall, E. L. Trett, C. C. Merrill.

To be chaplain with the rank of major—E. R. Martin.

To be chaplain with the rank of captain—R. E. McCaskill.

Promotions in the Philippine Scouts

To be Lieutenant Colonel—R. L. Garcia.

Awarded Soldier's Medal

The following award of soldier's medal was announced this week:

Gordon Maples (Army serial No. 6250430), corporal, then private, first class, Troop A, 5th Cavalry, United States Army. For heroism displayed on the night of March 17, 1937, in Brackettville, Texas. Being confronted with an insane man who was heavily armed, Private Maples, with utter disregard of his own safety, succeeded in overpowering and disarming the mad man, thereby preventing the possible killing of innocent persons.

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ADDRESS

WAR DEPARTMENT
WASHINGTON, D. C.

OL' JUDGE ROBBINS

WE'D LIKE TO CHARTER YOUR PLANE TO FLY OVER CRATER LAKE

WELL - I WAS STARTING OUT TO WRANGLE SOME WILD MUSTANGS - BUT COME ALONG AND WE'LL MAKE ONE TRIP OF IT



YOU MEAN YOU'RE ROUNDING UP REAL WILD HORSES?

YES, THOSE STRAYS DOWN THERE ARE FROM LOCAL HERDS MIXED WITH SPANISH HORSES FROM THE SOUTH. SIT TIGHT, NOW, I'M GOING TO DIVE DOWN AND ROUND 'EM UP



NOW THE PUNCHERS ARE ROPING THOSE CAYUSES FOR A LITTLE JAUNT ON THE BOX-CARS

AND NOW FOR CRATER LAKE, EH, PILOT?



CRATER LAKE IS A MYSTERIOUS FREAK OF NATURE. A GREAT UNDERGROUND UPHEAVAL DESTROYED THE MOUNTAIN'S CROWN, LEAVING THIS HUGE CRATER 4000 FEET DEEP, HALF FILLED WITH WATER. THERE'S NOTHING ELSE LIKE IT IN AMERICA



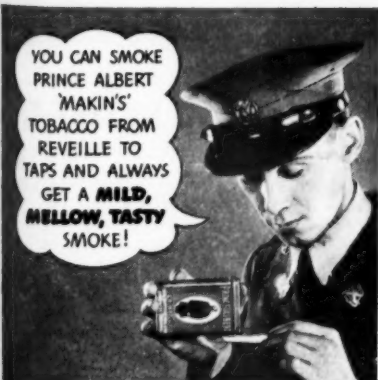
WONDERFUL SIGHT-THAT. NOW IF YOU DON'T MIND, I'D LIKE TO GET BACK FOR A PIPEFUL OF THAT SWELL TOBACCO YOU WERE SMOKING BEFORE WE CAME UP

I'LL BE DELIGHTED TO INTRODUCE YOU TO PRINCE ALBERT



THAT SURE WAS A SMOOTH TRIP

AND THIS PRINCE ALBERT SURE IS A SMOOTH SMOKE - MILDST I EVER TRIED, AND HOW IT PACKS AND DRAWS! THAT CRIMP CUT AND THAT NO-BITE PROCESS YOU TOLD ME ABOUT EVIDENTLY DO A JOB



YOU CAN SMOKE PRINCE ALBERT 'MAKIN'S' TOBACCO FROM REVEILLE TO TAPS AND ALWAYS GET A MILD, MELLOW, TASTY SMOKE!



ROLL-YOUR-OWNERS! ANCHOR ON TO PRINCE ALBERT FOR FAST ROLLIN', SMOOTH DRAWIN', AND GOOD, RICH BODY!

MONEY-BACK OFFER ON "MAKIN'S" CIGARETTES

Roll yourself 30 swell cigarettes from Prince Albert. If you don't find them the finest, tastiest roll-your-own cigarettes you ever smoked, return the pocket tin with the rest of the tobacco in it to us at any time within a month from this date, and we will refund full purchase price, plus postage.

(Signed) R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Co., Winston-Salem, N. C.

MONEY-BACK OFFER FOR PIPE-SMOKERS

Smoke 20 fragrant pipefuls of Prince Albert. If you don't find it the mellowest, tastiest pipe tobacco you ever smoked, return the pocket tin with the rest of the tobacco in it to us at any time within a month from this date, and we will refund full purchase price, plus postage.

(Signed) R. J. Reynolds Tobacco Co., Winston-Salem, North Carolina



70

fine roll-your-own cigarettes in every 2-ounce tin of Prince Albert

50

pipefuls of fragrant tobacco in every 2-ounce tin of Prince Albert

PRINCE ALBERT

THE NATIONAL JOY SMOKE

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THE U. S. NAVY



THE U. S. MARINE CORPS

Navy Decorations

The Secretary of the Navy has announced that Navy and Marine Corps personnel entitled to wear the decorations listed below will wear them in the designated order.

Medal of Honor (Navy)
Medal of Honor (Army)
Brevet Medal
Distinguished Service Medal
Navy Cross
Distinguished Flying Cross
Specially Meritorious Medal
Distinguished Service Cross (Army)
Distinguished Service Medal (Army)
Silver Star (Army)
Purple Heart (Army)
Soldier's Medal (Army)
Distinguished Flying Cross (Army)
Gold Life Saving Medal (Treasury)
Silver Life Saving Medal (Treasury)
Medal Commemorating the Battle of Manila Bay (Dewey Medal)
Medal Commemorating Naval Engagements in West Indies (Sampson Medal)
NC-4 Medal (Commemorating first trans-Atlantic flight in U. S. Flying Boat NC-4)
Medal Commemorating the Byrd Antarctic Expedition (1928-30)
Medal Commemorating the second Byrd Antarctic Expedition (1933-35)
Civil War Campaign Medal (Navy and Army)
Indian Campaign Medal (Army)
Expeditionary Medal (Navy)
Expeditionary Medal (Marine Corps)
Spanish War Service Medal (Army)
Spanish Campaign Medals (Navy and Army)
Cuban Occupation Medal (Army)
Porto Rican Occupation Medal (Army)
Philippine Campaign Medals (Navy and Army)
Philippine Congressional Medal (Army)
China Campaign Medals (Navy and Army)
Cuban Pacification Medals (Navy and Army)
Mexican Service Medal (Army)
Nicaraguan Campaign Medal (1912) (Navy)
Mexican Service Medal (Navy)
Haitian Campaign Medal (1915) (Navy)
Mexican Border Service Medal (Army)
Dominican Campaign Medal (Navy)
Victory Medal (Navy and Army)
Haitian Campaign Medal (1919-1920) (Navy)
Second Nicaraguan Campaign Medal (Navy)
Yangtze Service Medal (Navy)
Good Conduct Medal (Navy and Marine Corps)
Bailey Medal (Navy)

Expeditionary Medals

On October 13, 1937 the Secretary of the Navy approved the recommendation of the Board of Awards that the Navy Expeditionary Medal be authorized for service as follows:

Haiti—December 4, 1929 to August 5, 1931. (The period that Martial Law was in effect in the Republic of Haiti).

Panama—Landing parties from USS Ranger in Isthmus of Panama, September 18 to 22, 1902.

Turkey—USS Humphreys at Ismit, June 28 to July 3, 1921.

Turkey—USS S. C. No. 96 at Smyrna, September and October 1922. USS Lawrence, October 8 to 18, 1922. USS Macleish, October 1 to 5, 1922.

China—Armed guard duty on SS I'ping, April 22 to May 3, 1928, and SS Mei Lu, May 5, to May 15, 1928.

China—USS Oahu at Ichang, April 15, 1929.

As authorized in Paragraph 5 of Navy Department General Order No. 84, dated 8-15-36, the Marine Corps Expeditionary Medal is authorized, until such time as the present supply of Marine Corps Expeditionary Medals is exhausted.

The Secretary has also approved the Board's recommendation that the USS Gulfport be included in Bureau of Navigation Manual A-1025, for the issue of the Victory Medal with a Transport Clasp, during the period Jan. 18, 1918 to Nov. 11, 1918.

Marine Corps Nominations

President Roosevelt has submitted the nominations of the following officers of the Marine Corps for promotions (which they now hold under recess appointments):

Col. Seth Williams, to be the Quartermaster of the Marine Corps, with the rank of brigadier general.

Clarke H. Wells to be colonel.
Maurice E. Sherrer to be colonel.

William A. Worton to be lieutenant colonel.
John W. Thomson, jr., to be lieutenant colonel.

Clyde H. Hartsel to be major.

Benjamin W. Atkinson to be major.
William L. Bales to be major.

The following to be captains: James P. Berkeley, Edson L. Lyman, Thomas B. Hughes, Fred D. Beans, August Larson, Donovan D. Sult, Norman Hussa, Henry T. Elrod, Robert L. McKee, Edward B. Carney, Austin R. Brunelli.

The following citizens to be second lieutenants: Frank W. Davis, of West Virginia; Charles N. Endweiss, of Massachusetts; Charles J. Quilter, of New York, Frank G. Umstead, of North Carolina.

Quartermaster Clerk John L. McCormack to be a chief quartermaster clerk.

Command of USS Omaha

Capt. Howard B. Meclary, USN, recently found guilty of negligence in connection with the grounding of the light cruiser Omaha off Castle Light in the Bahamas, will be relieved of command of the Omaha on Jan. 15, by Capt. Wallace L. Lind. Capt. Lind is now on duty in the Office of the Chief of Operations, Navy Department, Washington.

Captain Meclary, who is now under treatment at the Norfolk Naval Hospital, has been ordered to report to the Commandant of the 14th Naval District, Rear Adm. Orin Murfin, USN, at Honolulu.

Navy Selection Bill

(Continued from First Page)

existing law requires. Lieutenants in the Naval Academy classes of 1919, 1920, 1921, 1922, 1923 and non-graduates who have been passed over twice would be allowed to retire voluntarily under the measure, while if voluntarily retirements would not reduce the group by 45 officers each year, it was provided that a number sufficient to bring the retirements up to 45 would be selected for retirement.

As an alternate proposal, a more liberal treatment of this group was suggested. A selection board would be convened each year which would select from among them 50 officers to be promoted to the grade of lieutenant commander and 50 to be retired the following June. All officers in the passed over group would remain as extra numbers until acted on one way or the other, and when the list got below 100, half would be promoted and half retired. Officers promoted to lieutenant commander in this way would be retired after five years service in the higher rank. However, half of the latter might be selected for advancement to commander on the retired list.

While the inclusion of this provision would make the bill cost more than the original draft, the estimates prepared as to its cost indicate that it still would be less than the existing system.

The preparation of the measure by the Judge Advocate General's Office does not give the measure any official standing whatsoever, it is pointed out. The task is being done simply as a service to Representative Scott.

Alaska Air Base

Following the return of the cruiser squadron and aircraft carrier Langley from maneuvers in the North Pacific, the Navy Department set about experimenting with the feasibility of maintaining an air base in Alaskan waters.

This week the Navy Department revealed that an air base would be established on Japonski Island, near Sitka, Alaska.

Six patrol planes will be stationed at the base in the winter, cared for by the aircraft tender Lapwing. A personnel of seventy men will be maintained to operate the base, which will be under the direction of Commander in Chief of the United States Fleet.

Navy officials stressed the fact that this base was merely an experimental project and that no final plans could be announced.

The North Pacific, and particularly the Aleutian Islands, have for many years been recognized as being of great strategic importance to the defense of the West Coast.

Navy Acting Pay Clerks

The following is a list of candidates who qualified on the recent examination for appointment as Acting Pay Clerk in the Navy:

Daniel W. Brown, CSK, USS Astoria.
Melvin O. Parrish, SK1c, USS Tennessee.
Robert C. Haun, SK1c, USS Sturtevant.
Louis L. Lokey, SK1c, USS Rigel.
Harold C. Lemon, SK1c, Eleventh Nav. Dist.
Paul Jackson, SK1c, NAS Seattle, Wash.
Lloyd C. Marsland, SK1c, FAB Coco Solo.
Boyd M. Shaffer, SK1c, FAB Coco Solo.
Lyle N. Murray, SK1c, USS Idaho.
Frank O. Hanson, CY, USS Augusta.
Paul W. Cook, SK1c, USS Luzon.
Alton D. Snow, CSK, USS Saratoga.
Clifford A. Hanson, CY, USS Northampton.
Francis W. Hardacre, Y1c, Eleventh Nav. Dist.
Cornie Dronkers, CY, USS West Virginia.
George B. Aker, SK1c, NAS Annapolis, D. C.

Ralph L. Eaton, Y1c, USS Argonaut.
Russell G. Vail, jr., Y1c, VS Squadron Five.
John Alden, SK1c, USS Texas.
Albert E. Gillesco, Y1c, USS Maryland.
John G. Travis, Y1c, USS Holland.
John F. Athey, SK1c, NTS San Diego, Calif.
Creo Baldwin, Y1c, USS Arkansas.
Joseph H. Timmons, Y1c, USS S-21.
Clyde W. Frazee, Y1c, Thirteenth Nav. Dist.
Cyrus L. Brainerd, Y1c, NTS San Diego.
John L. Kirkhuff, Y1c, USS Goff.
Leo Webb, Y1c, FAB Pearl Harbor.

The first eight (8) candidates on the above list (Daniel W. Brown to Boyd M. Shaffer, Incl.), were issued appointments as Acting Pay Clerk under date of Nov. 24, 1937, to take rank from Nov. 22, 1937.

Policy for Shore Duty

The Bureau of Navigation has issued a statement of policy governing shore duty for enlisted personnel. The regulations provide that men on the Asiatic Station, Guam and Samoa will not be carried on the waiting lists for shore duty. The normal changes in shore assignments for chief petty officers will be made during the period May to July according to the policy just announced.

The text of the Bureau's letter follows:

"Duty on shore for enlisted personnel is considered a privilege and a reward to those men who have fulfilled all the requirements for same. The requirements stipulate a specified amount of sea service and a record indicating good conduct, ability in rating, satisfactory military characteristics, and ability to cooperate with others. This type of duty, whether requested or not, is just as exacting as any other duty in the Navy.

"The Bureau makes every effort to place men on shore duty in the locality they desire but is in no way obligated to do so.

"Men who perform shore duty in an unsatisfactory manner, but not such as to warrant disciplinary action, will usually be ordered to sea duty. If ordered out under these conditions, the time served on shore, regardless of duration, will be considered as a normal tour of shore duty. However, the

Bureau will not transfer men from shore duty as a disciplinary measure.

"The normal changes in shore assignments for Chief Petty Officers will be made during the period May to July each year. Chief Petty Officers on shore duty and completing at least two and one half years thereon (three-year tour) or one and one half years (two-year tour), will be considered as having completed a normal tour of shore duty. Those cases where Chief Petty Officers are on shore duty less than two and one half years or one and one half years, as the case may be, will be considered individually.

"Men will not be transferred from one shore station to another shore station during the same tour of shore duty.

"Men transferring to the Fleet Naval Reserve will not be held over on shore stations. Transfer to other duty will be directed when the tour of shore duty is completed. This transfer in May to July, as indicated in Paragraph 4, will tend to prevent the exchange of key men afloat during vital training periods in other months.

"Men on the Asiatic Station, Guam, and Samoa will not be carried on waiting lists for shore duty. Men in this category desiring shore duty should submit requests not more than two months prior to departure from foreign station, indicating the expected transportation and the receiving ship to which normally reporting. These requests should not be submitted upon arrival in the United States. The Bureau will take action by issuing orders upon arrival at the receiving ship in the United States or by placing the man's name on the shore duty eligibility list or by disapproving the request. This will tend to eliminate excessive transfers caused by men submitting requests for shore duty shortly after reporting on board a new station. Also the commanding officer will have an opportunity to comment upon the man's fitness for the duty requested.

"Petty officers who are advanced in rating on shore will be considered as filling a billet of either rate depending on existing vacancies. Transfers requested as the result of advancement in rating will be effected normally during the next annual turn over of personnel. The period spent on shore duty, regardless of duration, will be considered a normal tour of shore duty.

"There are many cases where men are on the Bureau's eligibility list for consideration for assignment to shore duty and are also on the waiting list for advancement to the rating of Chief Petty Officer. In selecting personnel for shore duty, such men will be passed over unless otherwise requested. This is done to avoid subsequent cancellation of orders. It is assumed that the permanent appointment is more desirable than shore duty. Normally Chief Petty Officers who are serving under acting appointments will not be ordered to shore duty prior to completion of one year's sea service in rating. Chief Petty Officers serving under acting appointments, who for some specific reason are ordered to shore duty, will be required to serve their full tour on shore."

Contracts Awarded

The Navy Department announced this week that the Bureau of Supplies and Accounts has awarded contracts for approximately 712,900 barrels of Fuel Oil for East Coast requirements of the Naval Service at an approximate total cost of \$1,033,553.00.

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Washington, D. C.

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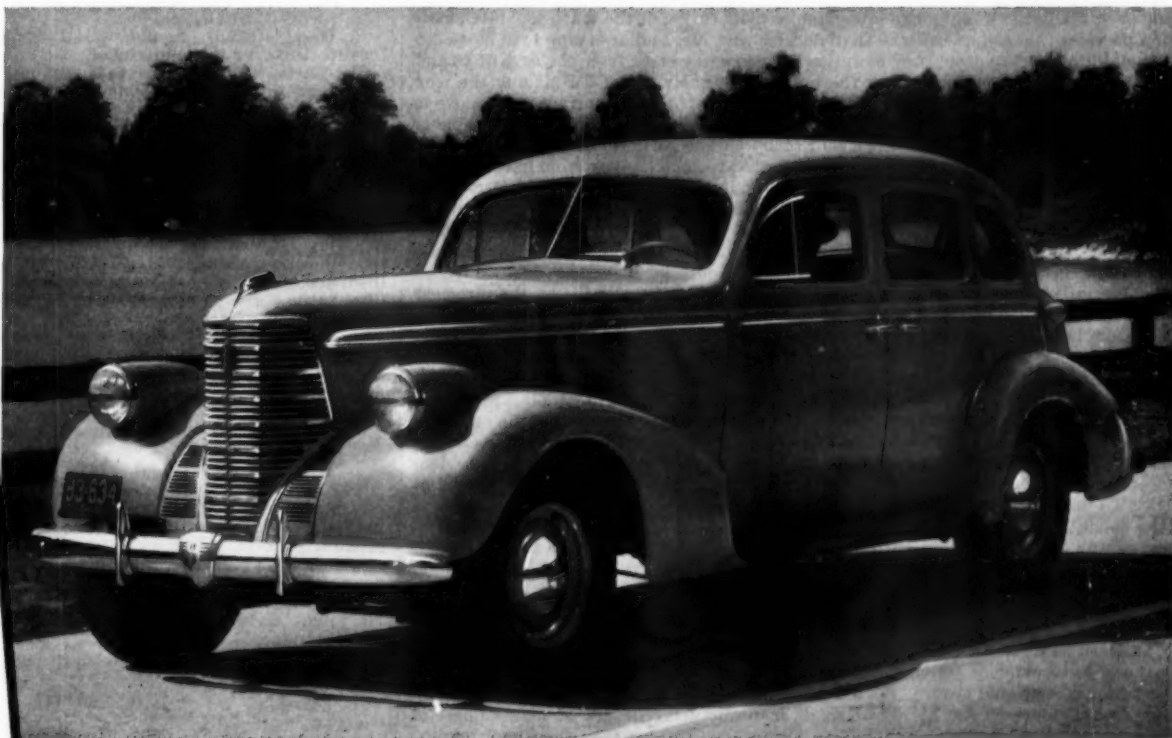


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SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 27, 1937

"It were, indeed, a vain and dangerous illusion to believe that in the present or probable condition of human society a commerce so extensive and so rich as ours could exist and be pursued in safety without the continual support of a military marine."—JOHN QUINCY ADAMS.

OUR PRIORITY LIST

1. Upward revision of pay schedules for commissioned, warrant, and enlisted personnel, active and retired.
2. Promotion systems in the Navy, Marine Corps and Coast Guard openly arrived at, to assure justice in advancement, and stimulate morale.
3. Fulfillment of War Department's modernization program; combat replacements and auxiliary vessels required by the Fleet, and Baker Board strength for the Air Corps.
4. Resumption of reenlistment allowances; reform of retirement, pension and disability laws for enlisted men; and an increase in grades and ratings, with compensation for technical knowledge and skill required by modernization.
5. A National Guard of 210,500 enlisted men with officer complement, equipment and training; 14-day training for 30,000 Army reserve officers annually; funds for carrying forward the purposes of the Thomason act; enactment of a sound basic plan plus requisite funds for personnel and training of the Naval Reserve.
6. Revision of pension laws to assure widows of the Regular Services a living income.
7. Compensation for service personnel whose privately owned automobiles are employed on Government business.

TINKERING WITH THE CONSTITUTION is the favorite sport of Congress. It does no harm to propose amendments, rather it is politically helpful in an era of reform to orate upon the horse and buggy character of the Great Charter and to suggest changes which will give it stream lines. Take for instance, the constitutional amendment offered by Representative Louis Ludlow, of Indiana. We have known Mr. Ludlow many years. He is one of the congressmen whom we admire for character, integrity and industry. A sincere idealist, he is advocating as an addition to the bill of rights: "No participation in foreign wars except with the consent of the people." Were it not that Congress is always willing to pass the buck, the proposal would gather dust in the files of the Judiciary Committee. As it is 189 members of the House have signed a petition to discharge the Judiciary Committee—218 are necessary to bring this about—and such discharge would mean immediate consideration of the matter. The Constitution provides that Congress alone shall declare war. Mr. Ludlow's plan is to place the responsibility upon the people and to authorize men and women from the ages of 18 and up to make this solemn decision by the majority of their votes. In placing the war power in the hands of Congress, the Fathers were actuated by the purpose to remove it as far as possible from the realm of emotion to that of reason. Inflaming the people is the trick of the demagogue, and it is easier today because of the radio and motion picture. The heart is touched by appeals to the Mother to save the boy from hardship and death, the quotation of Shakespeare, "War is a game, that were their subjects wise, Kings would not play at," the recital of the casualties and suffering caused by the sweep of the Four Horsemen. How can reason prevail against such sentiments when it is without the facts which are available to the Government, and which cannot be broadcasted because of the help thereby afforded an enemy? The past courteous practice of formally declaring war and then striking has been supplanted by the practical method of firing first and blandly continuing a state of undeclared war. Again, as a referendum is in progress, the enemy will have moved into position, our coasts might be blockaded, essential supplies of rubber, nickel, tin, manganese, and foodstuffs, would be denied us, and airplane bombs would rain upon our cities and industrial centers just as they are dropping upon the unprotected heads of the Chinese people. From the referendum, too, would arise two factions, the majority in favor of war, the minority against it, and a divided nation would face attack. Mr. Ludlow, and the men and women behind him, seem to forget that America has embarked upon war only when such a state is existing, and that Congressional finding merely confirms the fact of battle. To hold a referendum under such conditions would be to offer encouragement to the enemy. Mr. Ludlow's proposal refers to "foreign wars," but who would deny that the war of 1812 and that with Mexico, and that with Spain, were foreign wars? For the sake of the Nation, to use a phrase of the President, it is to be hoped common sense and not emotion will determine Congress to refuse to amend the Constitution as urged by the Indiana Congressman and his imitators in the Senate.

FOR FIFTEEN YEARS THE War Department and students of industrial preparedness have emphasized the importance and necessity to National Defense of a program of educational orders. Such a program, put forth as early as 1922 by Secretary Weeks, envisions the giving of small manufacturing orders of noncommercial ordnance materiel to responsible private producers in order that they may become familiarized with the design, production technique, factory plan, and equipment for the more effective manufacture of such materiel. Without such preliminary practice in adapting plant and labor to war needs, manufacturers, no matter how carefully they had studied the subject in peace times, would be ill prepared to undertake the terrific schedules which an emergency would thrust upon them. Happily the outlook for realization of the plan is brighter today. Representative Smith of Connecticut has an educational orders bill before Congress. The War Department has secured the permission of the Bureau of the Budget, and thus the Administration, to put its official stamp of approval upon the bill provided its expenditure is limited to five million dollars instead of the ten millions proposed by Mr. Smith. With the Administration's backing and the growing understanding that the measure is not a profit making one but one vital to placing the nation in a proper attitude of defense, enactment may be secured.

Service Humor

Forecast

Atkins—"Hey, Chief, the barometer has fallen."

Lyons—"Very much"

Atkin—"About four feet, but it broke."
—USS Colorado Lookout.

Permission

Her Pa—"Say, it's past midnight. Do you think you can stay all night?"

A. Hill—"Gosh, I'll have to telephone mother first."

—Windy City Breeze.

Deduction

"How was the chow at that post you just came from?"

"All right. We got incubator chicken every Sunday."

"How do you know it was incubator chicken?"

"No chicken that ever knew a mother's love could be that tough."

—Leatherneck.

No Adjectives

"Why are you going around telling everyone that I'm a first class idiot?"

"I didn't say 'first class.'"

—Sub-Base Ballast.

Affiliations

C. O.—"Sergeant, I understand that Private Dillberry is a philatelist."

Top Kick—"Don't believe that guy, his service record shows Presbyterian."

—Ft. Snelling Bulletin.

Precaution

A Chief Machinist's Mate in a submarine secured to the dock neglected to disengage the clutch to one propeller before starting the engine for the purpose of charging batteries. The result was that the sub forged ahead, parted her mooring lines and stuck her nose in the mud about fifty yards forward of her berth. At the investigation afterward the seaman on gang-way watch was asked what action he took when he saw the ship moving. His answer was that he ran over to the hatch and yelled down, "Hey how about turning on the running lights."

—The Observer.

Identification

The Marine in violation of regulations, had a nice bottle of rye stowed away in his locker. After a thirsty afternoon, he broke it out.

"Oh," he groaned, "that dirty bum Jones has been at my bottle."

"Why, say Jones?" inquired his bunkie, "it might have been anyone. It might have been me."

"No, it wasn't you," said the bereft one, "there's some left."

—Leatherneck.

No Solution

Barber Sam—"Your hair is thin; have you used my tonic?"

Marshall—"No, Sam it isn't that."
—Diamond Head News.

Moving Up

Young Man—"Auntie, they made me draft clerk at the bank today."

Auntie—"What do you do? Open and shut the door?"

—Contributed.

Thanks!

Keep sending in your bits of jokes to the Army and Navy Journal Humor Editor.

ASK THE JOURNAL

SEND your queries to the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL QUESTION EDITOR and an answer will be given in this column as soon as possible after receipt.

T. St. J. A.—In connection with the proposal to increase the commissioned personnel of the Army by one hundred officers of the line, Congress has appropriated the money, but due to the President's request for all branches of the Government to set aside 10 per cent of the money appropriated in order to effect economy, the funds have not been released. It is possible that the necessary money will be released at the end of the fiscal year. Yes, other legislation has been introduced to increase the commissioned strength of the Army. If you will write to the Chief of Engineers, United States Army, Munitions Building, Washington, D. C., he will advise you as to the best course to pursue in preparing yourself for the examinations for the Corps of Engineers.

IN THE JOURNAL

10 Years Ago

A Naval seaplane, the PN-11, having a flying radius of approximately 3,000 miles, has been completed at Philadelphia. Capt. E. S. Land, USN, Assistant Chief of the Bureau of Aeronautics, said on Nov. 22 that the ship would be capable of making the flight to Hawaii without trouble, and that it was "Hoped a radius of 3,500 miles might be reached."

20 Years Ago

Col. David H. Biddle, SC, USA, who has been in command of one of the ground schools operated by the Signal Corps, has been relieved from that post and ordered to report to the Chief Signal Officer. He will be assigned to take charge of Aviation Personnel, relieving Col. Aubrey P. Lippincott.

30 Years Ago

A special report by Capt. C. E. Kilbourne, 35th Co. CAC, of the target practice by that company on Saturday, Nov. 16, declares that the company has set a standard for the Artillery. The company made 100 per cent of hits, with an average of 1.74 hits per gun per minute. This was accomplished despite trouble encountered in seating the projectiles. The target was towed at a distance varying from five thousand to seven thousand yards.

50 Years Ago

The Washington Critic says: "Mr. Edward Atkinson's proposition for the United States to buy the Canadian Maritime Provinces for \$50,000,000 is a case of buying something we don't want, with money we don't have, from a party who won't sell."

70 Years Ago

A Naval Court of Inquiry is convened at the Navy Yard, Brooklyn, N. Y., by order of the Secretary of the Navy, to investigate the causes of the loss of the U. S. Steamer Sacramento off the coast of Hindoostan, in the month of June last. The Court is composed of the following named officers: Rear Adm. S. W. Goddard, President, Commodore Charles Steadman, Capt. John J. Almy, and H. E. Goodman, Judge Advocate.

War Department Organized Reserves



OFFICIAL ORDERS



Navy Department Marine Corps

ARMY ORDERS

Secretary of War
Harry H. Woodring

The Assistant Secretary of War
Louis A. Johnson

Chief of Staff
General Malin Craig

GENERAL STAFF CORPS

GENERAL MALIN CRAIG, C. of S.
Lt. Col. Russell H. Brennan (JAGD), detailed member of GSC. From duty in off. of JAG, Washington, D. C., to O. C. of S., War Dept. General Staff.
Lt. Col. Allen M. Burdett, ret. as member of GSC. From off. of C. of S., to off. JAG, Washington, D. C.
Lt. Col. Thomas Quail Thornton, Inf., NGUS, ordered to active duty. From Omaha, Neb., det. with War Dept. Gen. Staff, Washington, D. C., Dec. 1.
Lt. Col. Paul Earl Tombaugh, Inf., NGUS, continued on active duty as member of War Dept. Gen. Staff until Jan. 5, 1939.
Maj. Miller Grieve White, Inf., NGUS, continued on active duty as member of War Dept. Gen. Staff until Jan. 15, 1939.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT

MAJ. GEN. E. T. CONLEY, AG.
Col. Harvey W. Miller, is retired from active service for physical disability, Nov. 30, 1937.

JUDGE ADVOCATE GENERAL'S DEPT.

MAJ. GEN. ARTHUR W. BROWN, JAG.
Lt. Col. Gordon L. Finley, is retired from active duty for age, Dec. 31.

QUARTERMASTER CORPS

MAJ. GEN. HENRY GIBBINS, QMC.
Col. John A. Warden, from Plattsburg Bks., New York, to 4th Corps Area, Atlanta, Ga.

Col. Robert Sterrett, detailed with Org. Res., 6th Corps Area, in add. to duties at Chicago, Ill.

Maj. Leslie E. Bowman, is retired for physical disability Nov. 30, 1937.

Maj. Edward M. Daniels, detailed with Org. Res., 8th Corps Area, Ft. Reno, Okla., Jan. 24.

Capt. John C. Gates, in addition to duties at Ft. Lewis, Wash., is appointed field agent of QMG.

1st Lt. Edmund C. R. Lasher, from Ft. Ontario, N. Y., to off. of QMG, Washington, D. C., Dec. 15.

1st Lt. Terrence R. J. Hickey, detailed with Org. Res., 6th Corps Area, in add. to duties at Ann Arbor, Mich.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT

MAJ. GEN. CHARLES R. REYNOLDS, SG.
Medical Corps

Lt. Col. Val E. Miltenberger, is retired from active service for physical disability, Nov. 30.

Capt. John L. Crawford, from Ft. Banks, Mass., to Puerto Rico, sail N. Y. Feb. 1.

Army Nurse Corps

2nd Lt. Olive C. Blazey, is retired from active service for physical disability, Nov. 30.

1st Lt. Alam R. Hagan, from Letterman General Hospital to home, and await retirement.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT

MAJ. GEN. FREDERICK W. BOSCHEN, C. of F.
Maj. Royal G. Jenks, from San Francisco, Calif., to duty as finance officer, 9th Corps Area, Vancouver Bks., Wash.

CORPS OF ENGINEERS

MAJ. GEN. JULIAN L. SCHLEY, C. of E.
Lt. Col. Joseph D. Arthur, Jr., det. with Org. Res., 5th Corps Area, in add. to other duty at Zanesville, Ohio.

SIGNAL CORPS

MAJ. GEN. JOSEPH O. MAUBORGNE, C. of S.
Capt. Robert W. Raynsford, from 51st Signal Battalion, Ft. Monmouth, N. J., to report to CO, Ft. Monmouth, Dec. 6.

CAVALRY

MAJ. GEN. LEON B. KROMER, C. of CAV.
Lt. Col. Lucien S. B. Berry, from Ft. Clark, Tex., to Org. Res., 1st Corps Area, Rutland, Vt., Jan. 20.

COAST ARTILLERY CORPS

MAJ. GEN. A. H. SUNDERLAND, C. of CAC.
Capt. Pierre B. Denson, prior orders revoked.

Capt. Paul A. Harris, from Hawaiian Dept., to 7th CA, Ft. Du Pont, Del.

1st Lt. Victor H. King, from Hawaiian Dept., to 51st CA, Ft. Monroe, Va.

1st Lt. Russell M. Nelson, from Hawaiian Dept., to 51st CA, Ft. Monroe, Va.

INFANTRY

MAJ. GEN. GEORGE A. LYNCH, C. of INF.
Col. Samuel J. Sutherland, Boston, Mass.,

will proceed to his home and await retirement.

Col. William H. Waldron is retired from active service Jan. 31 on his own application after 39 years' of service.

Lt. Col. Walter Moore, prior orders revoked.

Capt. James R. Mancees, from Ft. Benning, Ga., detailed in Nat. Guard Bureau, Washington, D. C.

Capt. Daniel P. Norman, from duty at Presidio of San Francisco, Calif., to Philippine Dept., sail S. F. Jan. 29.

Capt. James E. Bowen, Jr., prior orders revoked. From Ft. Sill, Okla., to 17th Inf., Ft. Leavenworth, Kans.

Capt. Charles E. Woodruff, Jr., from Panama Canal Dept., to 5th Inf., Ft. Williams, Me.

Capt. Felix A. Todd, Jr., from Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., to Panama Canal Dept., sail Charleston, S. C., Feb. 3.

1st Lt. Francis H. Lynch, is retired from active duty for physical disability Nov. 30.

2nd Lt. Wilson D. Coleman, from Philippine Dept., to 30th Inf., Presidio of San Francisco, Calif.

2nd Lt. John J. Phelan, prior orders amended. From Ft. Jay, N. Y., to Hawaiian Dept., sail N. Y. Nov. 27.

AIR CORPS

MAJ. GEN. OSCAR WESTOVER, C. of AC.
1st Lt. Alfred R. Maxwell, from Philippine Dept., to Wright Fld., Ohio.

PROMOTIONS

Maj. William B. Foster, MC, to Lt. Col.

1st Lt. Lucius G. Thomas, MC, to Capt.

1st Lt. Victor R. Hirschmann, MC, to Capt.

1st Lt. W. O'Donnell, MC, to Capt.

1st Lt. George F. Jeffcott, DC, to Capt.

1st Lt. Albert A. Roby, Jr., VC, to Capt.

Maj. John Hall, Ch.C., to Lt. Col.

WARRANT OFFICERS

W. O. John H. Fox, from 9th Corps Area, Presidio of San Francisco, Calif., to home and await retirement.

W. O. Peter Sorensen, from Atlanta, Ga., to Philippine Dept., sail N. Y., March 25.

W. O. James A. Yarbray, from Philippine Dept., to JAGD, Hdqrs. 4th Corps Area, Atlanta, Ga.

RETIREMENT OF ENLISTED MEN

Retirement of the following enlisted men effective Nov. 30 at the place indicated, is announced:

Sgt. Harvey Shoemaker, Bty. A, 13th CA, Ft. Barrancas, Fla.

M. Sgt. Berry Smith, Hdqrs. Bty., 63rd CA, Ft. MacArthur, Calif.

M. Sgt. Leo M. Lynch, QMC, Camp Dix, N. J.

T. Sgt. Bunyan B. Moore, Med. Dept., Command and General Staff School, Ft. Leavenworth, Kan.

Sgt. John W. Anderson, DEML, Command and General Staff School, Ft. Leavenworth, Kan.

Cpl. Cirilo Fabro, Hdqrs. and Service Co., 14th Engrs., Ft. Wm. McKinley, P. I.

M. Sgt. Daniel L. Rice, Hdqrs. Bty., 11th CA, Ft. H. G. Wright, N. Y.

T. Sgt. Charles Zinkann, Base Hdqrs. and G. H. Q. Air Force, March Fld., Calif.

M. Sgt. Jesse M. Prime, DEML, ROTC, Kingston, R. I., with rank of major.

Sgt. Roy M. Medcalf, Base Hdqrs. and 9th Air Base Squadron, Moffett Fld., Calif., with rank of staff sergeant.

1st Sgt. Henry F. McCormack, Service Bty. and Band, 5th FA, Madison Bks., N. Y.

S. Sgt. Faustino Gregorio, Band, 11th FA, Schofield Bks., T. H., with rank of master sergeant.

ORDERS TO RESERVES

Extended active duty with AC
1st Lt. Roger Merriam Reynolds, rel. active duty Hawaiian Dept., Jan. 2.

2nd Lt. Emil Silvan Scott, relieved active duty, Hawaiian Dept., Jan. 2.

2nd Lt. William W. Jarrell, Jr., relieved active duty from Selfridge Fld., Mich., Nov. 30.

Extended active duty with MD

1st Lt. Ralph Moody Patterson, continued active duty at Army and Navy General Hospital, Hot Springs, Ark., until June 30.

Capt. Ulbert Ray Ulberts, continued on duty at Army and Navy General Hospital, Hot Springs, Ark., until June 30.

Two weeks active duty training

(Please turn to Page 257)

Ansell & Ansell

Attorneys at Law

835 Transportation Building
Washington, D. C.

NAVY ORDERS

Secretary of the Navy
Claude A. Swanson

The Assistant Secretary of the Navy
Charles Edison

Chief of Naval Operations
Admiral William D. Leahy

November 18, 1937

Capt. Howard B. Meclary, det. CO, Omaha; to 14th Naval District, Pearl Harbor.

Lt. Barnett T. Talbott, det. VP-15 (Owl) Dec.; to command Nav. Reserve Aviation Base, Phila.

Lt. (Jg) Hugh Q. Murray, desp. ors. May 10 further modified. To cfo Warrington and on board when comm.; instead duty Roper.

Lt. (Jg) William A. Thorn, granted sick leave two months; wait orders at San Diego.

Ens. Richard S. Paret, det. King, Dec. 11; to Asiatic Station.

Comdr. James A. Brown, (MC), on disch. trmt. Nav. Hosp., San Diego, to duty Naval Trng. Sta., San Diego.

Comdr. Richard C. Satterlee, (MC), det. Texas Dec. 1; to Medusa.

Lt. Comdr. Robert K. Y. Dusenberre, (MC), det. Nav. Hosp., Phila., Jan.; to cfo Savannah and on board when comm.

Lt. Paul K. Perkins, (MC), det. Nav. Hosp., Charleston, Dec. 1; to Arizona.

Lt. Ernest M. Wade, (MC), det. Arizona; to instr. Naval Hosp., San Diego.

Comdr. Lawrence A. Odlin, (SC), relieved add. duty Nav. Hosp., Pearl Harbor; continue other duties.

Ens. Holman Lee, Jr., (SC), det. 14th Nav. Dist.; to duty Naval Hosp., Pearl Harbor.

Mach. Nuel E. Blythe, det. Cahokia Jan.; to NYd., Portsmouth.

November 19, 1937

Capt. Wallace L. Lind, det. Nav. Operations, Navy Dept., Jan. 15; to command Omaha.

Comdr. Hartwell C. Davis, det. 11th Nav. Dist., Nov.; to Arkansas as exec. off.

Comdr. John E. Ostrander, Jr., det. staff, Cdr. Aircraft, Battle Force, Jan.; to Nav. Aircraft Factory, NYd., Phila.

Comdr. Robert B. Simons, det. Arkansas Dec. 13; to Nav. Operations, Navy Dept.

Lt. Comdr. Charles Allen, det. Nav. Trng. Sta., Norfolk, Dec.; to cfo Savannah and on bd. as nav. off. when comm.

Lt. Comdr. Willard R. Gaines, det. Dewey, Dec. 11; to command Lawrence.

Lt. Comdr. Theodore G. Haft, det. Oklahoma Nov.; to duty as Insp. of Ord. in Chgo., Nav. Ord. Plant, S. Charleston.

Lt. Comdr. Leslie K. Pollard, det. Northampton Dec.; to Omaha as nav. off.

Lt. Frederick L. Farrell, uncompleted portion ors. May 3 (to home, relieved all active duty) revoked; to trmt. Nav. Hosp., San Diego.

(Please turn to Page 257)

MARINE CORPS

Major General Commandant
Maj. Gen. Thomas Holcomb

November 23, 1937

Maj. Clyde H. Hartsel, Jan. 1, det. NEB, MB, Wash., to duty as Inspector-Instructor, 8th Battalion, FMCR, Toledo.

Capt. Clinton E. Fox, det. MB, Wash., to MB, Quantico.

2nd Lt. Charles J. Quilter, Dec. 10, det. NAS, Pensacola, to Aircraft One, First Marine Brigade, FMF, MB, Quantico, report not later than Jan. 3.

Ch. Pay Clk. Edward L. Claire, Dec. 10, det. Hdqrs., Marine Corps, Wash., to MB, NYd., New York.

Ch. Pay Clk. John D. Erwin, Dec. 15, det. MB, NYd., New York, to Hdqrs., Marine Corps, Wash.

2nd Lt. Charles F. Duchain, resignation accepted, effective Dec. 1, 1937.

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SERVICE NEWS AND GOSSIP

Far Eastern Military Situation—The events of the last week on the Shanghai Peninsula are reminiscent of the strategy employed by General Charles George ("Chinese") Gordon, who commanded the Ever-Victorious Army in the campaign over this same area in 1863 and 1864 against the Tai-Ping Rebellion, which had lasted for some 12 years and involved over 600,000 square miles of Chinese territory.

As will be recalled, General Gordon, operating from his base at Shanghai, conducted his campaign against the well fortified town of Changshu by sending his force up the Yangtze River, landing them near Fushan and then striking Changshu from the northeast. In like manner the Japanese forces, this past week, landed in practically the same area and enveloped Changshu from the same direction. General Gordon then operated against the key city of Soochow by isolating it from the north, east and south. In fact, General Gordon stated that Soochow was ideally located for conquest by means of isolation. Having accomplished this purpose, he next endeavored to take Soochow by a night attack. In this, he was not successful, but judging by the press accounts, the Japanese were successful last week in entering the fortified city during the hours of darkness. Having secured the two main cities east of Tai-Hu, or Great Lake, General Gordon operated against the next key city of Wushih by placing boats on Tai-Hu and operating in a circular envelopment from the south on Tai-Hu and a northern envelopment by land. The Japanese in this present campaign assembled a flotilla for use on Tai-Hu, and the forces which captured Changshu now appear to have taken Wushih on land from the north. General Gordon crushed the Tai-Ping Rebellion by advancing rapidly after the fall of Wushih until Nanking was taken. At the present moment, the Japanese have taken Wushih, and their lines extend from the Yangtze River 20 miles upstream from Wushan, thence to the southwest toward Tsingyang and thence to a point about 10 miles beyond Wushih. The eastern shore of Tai-Hu, including Soochow and the main Nanking Railroad, is in Japanese hands. South of Tai-Hu the Japanese line continues from Nanzin to Wangtien on the Hangchow Railway and thence to the northern coast of Hangchow Bay.

It is reported that the Japanese have massed boats in the Yangtze River for naval cooperation with the land advance toward Nanking. It is reported that the Chinese had a force of 160,000 men to defend the line of resistance from Kiangyin to Wushih, but that it has now been pushed back 10 miles beyond the latter place. In rear of that line the Chinese had organized a line from the important city of Chinkiang on the Yangtze to Kintan with the final line running from Chinkiang around Nanking on a radius of about 50 miles so that the Yangtze River protected both flanks.

The Japanese now have over 300,000 troops operating in the Shanghai area against a Chinese force of 500,000 of which number about 200,000 is estimated from evaluated press reports as being disorganized as a result of Japanese advance.

In the north China theater the troops of General Katsuki are threatening Tsinan from the North bank of the Yellow River, but apparently no effort yet has been made to effect a river crossing. The remaining forces under Generals Nishio and Itagaki remain in practically the same positions as those occupied a week ago.

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Increase in Army Dental Corps—Assignment of the 25 additional officers recently commissioned in the Army Dental Corps under the provisions of the current appropriation bill will relieve to a certain extent the situation prevailing at numerous stations where the number of dental officers has been inadequate to meet the needs, but it is believed at the Dental Division of the office of the Surgeon General that further increases still are essential. The need for increases has been urgent, particularly in view of the increased enlisted strength authorized by the Appropriation Act of 1937. Commands have been increased to the point where the dental service has been severely taxed in its endeavor to meet the demands made upon it.

A survey conducted late in 1935 showed a minimum requirement of 100 additional dental officers. The Surgeon General recommended such an increase and the increases granted are but a part of this total requirement.

Navy Warrants Corps Anniversary—On November 28, will be celebrated the 162nd birthday of the Warrant Officer Corps of the United States Navy.

On that date, in 1775, Warrant Officers took their place on American Naval ships for the first time. Through their century and a half of service, the warrant officers of the United States Navy have served with distinction and valor, and have made their Corps an integral and indispensable part of the Navy.

Warrants were employed on the vessels of the infant American Navy when General George Washington commanded the armed forces of the nation. The first Chief Warrant, or commissioned warrant, did not appear until March 3, 1890.

Many warrant officers were commissioned during the World War, and are now serving as lieutenants and lieutenant commanders.

The insignia of the Warrant Officers Corp, designed in 1883 is still in use.

War Department "Over the Top" in Charity Drive—On being advised that the War Department had contributed more than 100% of its quota to the Community Chest, Secretary of War Woodring sent the following message to all Chiefs of Bureau and Services.

"It gives me much pleasure to learn that the War Department has again gone over the top in the Community Chest campaign.

"It is indeed gratifying to know that our personnel has done its share to relieve suffering and want in our Capital and I wish to express my appreciation to our Department Chairman, General Conley, our Division Chairmen and Keymen, and to all the contributors who have assisted the Department in reaching its goal."

Navy Enlisted Personnel to New Ships—The Navy building program has faced the Bureau of Navigation with the problem of handling requests from enlisted men for detail to new construction. Accordingly, this week Rear Admiral Adolphus Andrews, Chief of the Bureau of Navigation, has issued an order to cover such cases.

In general, the Bureau will assign enlisted personnel to new construction by detail and not as the result of written requests. Individual requests for this type of duty are not desired except from the following categories: Men serving in vessels afloat whose enlistments will expire approximately within three months and who desire to reenlist for service on new construction, men completing tours of duty on shore, recruiting, or East Coast District craft and men on general detail. All requests from the above categories will be acted upon by the Bureau at time of receipt in accordance with the requirements for the ratings concerned. No waiting list will be maintained.

The procurement of enlisted personnel for new construction will be as follows, in the order named: reenlistments, men completing recruiting and shore duty, general detail from receiving ships and stations, men completing duty in East Coast district craft, the balance of personnel by rate by "blanket order" from the forces afloat after considering excesses, availability, transportation and time involved.

The qualifications for new construction are: Record must be well above average, two years' obligated service, preference given to men with previous experience in type to volunteers, to men who have longer obligated service and to men who are not liable to be ordered to shore duty whether such duty has been requested or not.

The Bureau desires that the personnel be as permanent as possible through the first year of active operating with the Fleet. Therefore, all ratings will be required to serve eighteen months in the new ship from date of commissioning before becoming eligible for assignment to other duty. The services of men who have been through the building and fitting out period are most vital during the first eighteen months of commissioned service.

In this connection, Admiral Andrews said, "The desirability and necessity of detailing only men who will become assets to the new ship cannot be stressed too strongly. Commanding officers will not use the assignment of men to new construction as a means of transferring an undesirable. The new ship must be given a good start. The benefits to the service as a whole must be considered. Those men selected for new construction should be men whom the Commanding Officer would like to have if he were to be ordered to command the new ship."

"Scalping" of Army-Navy Tickets—Those charged with the huge expenses of putting on the Army and Navy football game at Philadelphia today, doubtless wish that all of the money paid by all of the spectators for their tickets had been paid directly to the Army and Navy Athletic Associations. Evidences of the "scalping" of tickets appeared to be unusually strong this year, with brokers operating brazenly in their resale of tickets at exorbitant prices. It went so far that one radio announcer in Washington advertised over the air for the sale of two tickets at \$15.00 each. The Associations are doing everything in their power to prevent scalping, but apparently the public's desire to see the game at any price encourages the brokers to higher and higher profits.

Navy Seeks Personal Data—The Navy Department this week sent requests to all officers of the United States Navy, active and retired, asking them to submit to the Navy Department complete biographies and personal history data in order that the Department may be in a position to release accurate and up to date information to the press when the occasion arises.

Press relations in the Navy Department in Washington has put in many a hectic day, attempting to piece together a biography from an officer's fitness reports and other official data. The reports requested this week are of a more personal nature, and the Bureau of Navigation specifically asks that every question be answered and that also, as much personal history as possible be included.

The files on hand are incomplete and outdated; heretofore officers were asked to submit such reports. The Bureau of Navigation circular makes it imperative that the data be submitted.

FOREIGN MILITARY NEWS-DIGEST

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1 Russia: Employment of Tanks on the Defensive and at Night. The Soviet F. S. regulations provide for three methods of defense, viz: (1) defense on a normal front; (2) defense on an extended front; (3) defense on a mobile front. In the second type there may be situations in which gaps up to 2 km. covered by fire exist between battalions. The combat regulations prescribe the employment of tanks according to the following principles: In mobile defense and in defense on an extended front the tanks are attached to the reserve and employed with the mission of supporting counterattacks; if tanks exist in ample numbers they may be allotted to separate battalion sectors.

In normal defense one (1) tank battalion is allotted to every (1) infantry division. Tanks are located in areas in which the defender intends to assume the offensive. The employment occurs within the defensive position or in the area where the enemy may penetrate the friendly position. Tanks are always attached to reconnaissance and outpost units. In normal defense the Red Army details in front of the main line of resistance weak outposts consisting of one platoon per battalion or a company, as the situation requires. It is recommended to attach tanks (at least one platoon) to these outpost troops. Their mission is to attack the hostile reconnaissance and security units with rapidly moving fire; they can also check hostile advance guards and compel the hostile main body to prematurely deploy. In this position they can also screen a withdrawal of the outpost units.

The most suitable moment for destroying hostile forces in the area in front of the main line of resistance is the time when the enemy is concentrating his forces in forward positions just prior to the jump off. At this time infantry, a large number of MG's, battalion cannon and regimental artillery, observers, signal units and command post units are concentrated in a small area. The hostile forces at this time have no properly organized anti-tank defense and an attack by tanks may attain considerable success. This attack may be delivered at night or in the day time, and preferably at dawn. However, it should be taken into account that the tanks may encounter difficulties in movement because in many cases there will be anti-tank obstacles (mines). The first echelon tanks will be subjected to the fire of the whole hostile artillery and of the hostile tanks detailed for the attack, which is particularly dangerous in cases where the armament of hostile tanks is stronger than that used on friendly vehicles. An attack on the assembly position of the hostile tanks should be made if its location is well known and if the number of hostile tanks is smaller and their armament not superior.

An infantry division on a normal front having at its disposal a tank battalion, should use tanks in two waves. A tank company advances with the first wave against the hostile front line, to a depth of up to 1,000 meters. The second wave of two companies attacks with the regimental and divisional reserves to a depth of 1,200 meters. The route to be followed by the tanks must be carefully reconnoitered, especially for mine fields. Preparations must be made for friendly artillery barrage fire on routes of tank withdrawals in order to facilitate their return after the execution of their missions. Opinions differ with respect to the employment of tanks within the defensive position. Some authors demand that tanks should be allotted to the first line of defense, others that they should be left at the disposal of sector commanders for making counterattacks. In case there is an allotment of tanks to the first line of defense there is the possibility of widening the sectors, in which case it will facilitate the maneuver of the tanks in making counterattacks. Undoubtedly this involves a dispersion of forces and can only take place if tanks exist in superior numbers. If there is not a great force of tanks available they are employed in platoons

from behind the front line against hostile areas.

If the tanks are under the control of the sector commanders, whole tank companies, alone or with infantry, are directed against the flank of the attacking hostile infantry before it has reached the front line. During a counterattack tanks are usually employed on the outer flank. If the hostile attack has been stopped it is recommended that all tanks support the units making the counter-attack. Tanks may be employed on the defensive for a number of purposes but numerous routes of advance must be reconnoitered. The assembly positions after or before an engagement should not be located in the vicinity of the line of departure because the hostile artillery could easily concentrate fire on them. If the attacker is superior in tank weapons and strength the attack of friendly tanks should be directed toward hostile infantry when it separates from its tanks. If possible the tank attack should take place from higher to lower ground, which will enable the tanks to attain a greater speed and mobility. The tanks should endeavor to reach the hostile infantry as soon as possible because this is the easiest way of securing protection from anti-tank weapons. Frequently tanks will also be employed as a stationary fire unit, especially in cases when fast tanks must halt in order to hold the ground until the arrival of friendly infantry. The defending tank commander must be prepared in case his tanks encounter hostile tanks which have superior armaments. In this event attacks can only be delivered if tank units are protected by mine fields and vigorously supported by previously prepared artillery fire.

All these methods of employment of combat vehicles on the defensive show that the attacker should never neglect anti-tank defense in any situation, from early reconnaissance to the concentration of the assault troops prior to the final decisive attack.

Soviet authors have also recommended the employment of tanks by night. The attacker should, as a rule, employ at night time only minor units which are attached to infantry. The tanks break through a certain sector of the hostile defensive position in order to facilitate the dawn attack of the infantry units. The tank attack should be so timed as to enable the infantry to occupy before dawn the ground captured by the tanks. These tank units are not under the orders of the attacking infantry because they cannot receive any orders after their departure. During daylight only such decisive attacks should be delivered whose object is the penetration of the entire depth of the hostile defensive position. The object of a night attack of tanks is a penetration to the hostile artillery positions in order to avoid daylight casualties. A second tank attack is delivered at dawn into the depth of the hostile position, as far as the artillery positions. During a night penetration fire is reduced to a minimum and is delivered only at frontal resistance, since the main objective is a deeper penetration into the hostile position at daylight, decisive action being delayed until dawn. On account of the great difficulties attending night tank attacks only well trained and disciplined units should be employed. (*Militär Wochenblatt*, March, 1937.)

2 Holland—Japan and the East Indies. A petition has been received by the Dutch Government, signed by 50,000 residents in the Dutch East Indies, asking for a material increase in the naval

and air defenses of those rich colonial possessions owing to apprehension concerning Japanese intentions. These "intentions" are rather an old story now, and with Japan showing a much more placatory attitude in her general foreign relations it seems a little surprising that such a manifestation of uneasiness should be forthcoming at this juncture.

The idea, and the Japanese have made no secret of it, is to "lease" a naval oil fuel base in the Netherlands-Indies, whence Japan is already drawing about one-half of her fuel supplies for the Fleet. Of course, the obvious reason is that any such "concession" would only be the thin end of the wedge.

Holland's Naval Power. At the present time Holland maintains the largest and most up-to-date proportion of her naval power in the East Indies. This includes a large number of submarines, and is the only station in the world in which underwater boats have to carry out regular tropical cruising—perhaps as trying a form of service as any which naval duties can demand. In addition a considerable and steadily-growing air force is based among the islands.

But the Dutch are under no illusion as to the inadequacy of any forces they could command to resist a determined attempt by Japan to press her demand. Hence they have watched with much satisfaction the development of Singapore, feeling that Great Britain would not look on with indifference to such encroachment in waters in which her own interests are of high importance. Notwithstanding the arrival at The Hague of this petition, we do not think there is any reason for assuming that Japan has any intention of pressing this question at the present time, and it is not improbable that the movement may be nothing more than propaganda. (*Fighting Forces* (Brit.) Sept. '37.)

3 Japanese Estimate of Soviet Intervention. Even though undeclared war is being waged in China on two fronts, the main issues remain unchanged. Japan is still seeking to consolidate her economic and strategic position on the mainland of Asia, and China, as before, is seeking to preserve her own territorial integrity. The main difference between the conflict of six months ago and today is that the methods of persuasion employed by both parties to the dispute have changed from "words" to "bombs." If Japan insists upon acquiring the five northern provinces of China, she must fight for them. If China is equally determined to retain these provinces she must do so by the active use of her military and economic resources.

Japan is in undisputed control of an ever widening Peiping-Tientsin area, is making progress in the neighborhood of Shanghai, and has not yet made maximum use of the so-called modern methods or weapons of war. But in spite of this apparent advantage, Japan is in an unenviable position and may, at last, have gone a step too far. The two factors which suggest this possibility are first, the unexpected unity demonstrated by China, and secondly, the changed international situation and its possible effect on the activities of Soviet Russia.

In both the political and military sphere, Soviet Russia is probably in a better position to intervene in the Sino-Japanese conflict than at any time since the inception of the present régime. The stiffening attitude of Great Britain and France in respect to European affairs has eased the Soviet's worries about the se-

curity of its western frontier. China is displaying a degree of unity which has surprised the world, and Japan, by her attitude stands condemned in the eyes of world opinion. On the military side the centre of gravity of the Soviet's industry has now been moved east of the Urals; the Trans-Siberian Railway has now been double-tracked to Chita; and, in consequence, it would appear that the Far Eastern Soviet Army with its twelve to fifteen well equipped divisions and three to five hundred aircraft, can be effectively maintained throughout a long campaign.

But, in spite of conditions now being apparently favourable to the Soviet, Japan continues her southward march into Chinese territory, and the Soviet "passes the bet." The reasons for the immediate policies of these countries afford interesting grounds for speculation.

It should be noted that Japan's inception of hostilities in North China coincided with a tense situation in Europe centered in the Mediterranean region, and followed a series of border incidents on the Manchukuo-Siberian frontier which, some authorities contend, were initiated by Japan to test out the readiness of the Soviet for war. The Soviet Government did not make a major issue out of the border clashes and gave the impression that it wished, almost at all costs, to avoid armed conflict with Japan. This impression tended to verify Japanese opinion that the events which led up to the so-called "purging" of the Red Army were not limited to the high command but reflected a general condition of unrest and disloyalty common to the military as a whole. An Army in this condition was unfit for war, therefore, the Japanese appear to have concluded that the time was opportune to adopt more forceful methods in China, which country, incidentally, through the process of unification, reorganization and rearmament was becoming more formidable each day. And so the die was cast and the present phase of the Sino-Japanese war began.

It is possible that the Japanese estimate of the present condition of the Red Army is correct. On the other hand it may be quite erroneous. The fact that the Soviet has not intervened so far does not necessarily mean that it will not do so. It is doubtful whether the Soviet will stand by in peaceful inactivity and watch Japan take over control of, for instance, the coal mines of Shanxi province which now provide about fifty percent of the coal used in China. As we have pointed out the international situation has changed since hostilities began and now the general European orientation favours the Soviet rather than Japan. In addition Japan is becoming more and more involved on two fronts in China and the Chinese are putting up an unexpected and magnificent resistance. It is true that the Chinese resistance might suddenly break. But why should the Soviet intervene when the possibility remains that Japan's military efforts will accomplish little if anything more than her so-called methods of peaceful persuasion?

The time to judge the Soviet, and particularly the true condition of their armed forces has not yet arrived. That time will come only when the Japanese war machine becomes thoroughly involved, gets into its stride and appears likely to succeed in its mission of subjugating the northern provinces. If the Soviet does not then intervene one can, with some reason, conclude that the Japanese estimate of the condition of the Soviet's armed forces was and is correct. If, on the other hand, the Soviet should intervene, then the whole course of events in the Far East will enter a new phase and Japan, particularly if she rides rough-shod over the interests of the Western Powers in the course of her military success, will be confronted with the gravest crisis in her career as a Great Power.

(*Canadian Def. Quarterly*, Oct., 1937)

—C.A.W.

A Forecast of the Effect on Navy Personnel of the Wyatt Plan

[illegible]

A tabulated forecast of the Naval personnel plan, drafted by Lt. Comdr. J. L. Wyatt, USN, to be introduced as a bill by Representative Scott, D of Calif., showing the date and numbers to be promoted and retirements in all ranks for the Naval Academy classes from 1903 to 1937 inclusive.

Navy Orders

(Continued from Page 253)

Lt. Edward J. Lysaught, det. NYd., Phila., Nov. 29; to Texas.
 Lt. Albert N. Perkins, det. Aide and flag secy. on staff, Cdr. Carrier Div. 2, Dec. 15; to staff, Cdr. Aircraft, Setg. Force as aide and flag secy.
 Lt. Elliott B. Strauss, det. New York, Dec. 15; to staff, Cdr. Trng. Detachment, U. S. Flt., as aide and flag lt.
 Lt. William W. White, det. VB-5 (Yorktown) Jan.; to cfo Aviation Union, Honolulu, and for duty when commissioned.
 Lt. Chester C. Wood, det. Aide and flag lt. on staff, Cdr. Trng. Detachment, U. S. Flt., Dec. 15; to Dewey as exec. off.
 Lt. Bennett W. Wright, det. Aide and flag lt. on staff, Cdr. Carrier Div. 2, Dec. 15; to staff, Cdr. Aircraft, Setg. Force, as aide and flag lt.

Lt. (jg) Samuel Bradhard, det. Moffett, Nov. 15; to McDougal, ors. Nov. 4 revoked.
 Lt. (jg) Paul D. Bule, det. VF-5 (Yorktown) Dec.; to cfo aviation unit, (Savannah) and for duty when commissioned.
 Lt. (jg) Thomas H. Copeman, det. Nokomis Dec. 10; to Herbert.
 Lt. (jg) William N. Deragon, det. Subm. Base, New London, Dec.; to 8-42.
 Lt. (jg) James H. Fortune, Jr., det. Dahlgren; to Nokomis.
 Lt. (jg) Robert J. Hardy, det. Texas, Dec. 18; to cfo Savannah and on bd. when comm.
 Lt. (jg) Nels C. Johnson, ors. Nov. 2 revoked. Continue duty Lexington.
 Lt. (jg) Ernest W. Longton, det. Nautilus, Jan. 15; to Porpoise.
 Lt. (jg) William V. Pratt, 2nd, det. Aylwin, Dec. 26; to Nokomis.
 Lt. (jg) Frederick H. Wahlig, det. Subm. Base, New London, Dec.; to 8-46.

Ens. Robert V. R. Bassett, Jr., det. Texas, Dec. 18; to cfo Savannah and on bd. when comm.
 Ens. Bladen D. Claggett, det. Subm. Base, New London, Dec.; to 8-47.
 Ens. Richard M. Farrell, det. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Nov. 18; to Arkansas.

Lt. Comdr. John G. Davis, (MC), det. Marblehead in Feb. or March; to Nav. Trng.

Sta., San Diego, Calif.

Lt. Comdr. Carl M. Dumbauld, (MC), det. Navy Rctg. Sta., Cleveland, Nov.; to Marblehead.

Lt. Comdr. Oliver R. Nees, (MC), det. Bab-bitt; to trmt. Naval Hosp., San Diego.

Lt. Comdr. Julius F. Neuberger, (MC), on disch. trmt. Nav. Hosp., Brooklyn; to Navy Rctg. Sta., Cleveland.

Lt. James J. V. Cammis, (MC), det. Subm. Base, Coco Solo, Jan.; to Nav. Hosp., Parris Island.

Capt. Ronald Barber, (DC), det. Bu. M. & S., Navy Dept., Jan. 3; to Nav. Med. Supply Depot, Brooklyn.

Lt. Joseph E. Wolowsky, (SC), det. Nav. Powder Factory, Indianhead, Dec.; to Destroyer Div. 27.

Lt. (jg) Cecil O. Hamrick, (SC), det. Dest. Div. 27, Jan.; to Naval Supply Depot, San Diego.

Ens. William B. Collier, 3rd, (SC), det. NYd., Phila., Pa., Nov.; to Destroyer Div. 6.
 Lt. Francis X. Forest, (CC), det. Bu. C. & R., Navy Dept., Jan.; to Battleships, Battle Force.

Ch. Mach. Walter G. Wilcoxson, det. Philadelphia; to continue trmt. Nav. Hosp., Phila.
 Ch. Elec. Charles C. Camara, det. Subm. Base, New London, Dec. 15; to cfo Honolulu.
 Ch. Elec. Harry A. Stafford, det. Tennessee; continue trmt. Nav. Hosp., San Diego.
 Ch. Rad. Elec. Obed E. Williams, det. Vestal, Jan. 10; to NYd., New York.
 Rad. Elec. Edward R. Keesey, Det. Nav. Sta., Guam, Dec.; to San Francisco.

November 20, 1937

Capt. Martin K. Metcalf, det. Office of Naval Operations, Navy Dept., Dec. 1; to home, relieved all active duty.

Lt. William A. Evans, Jr., det. staff, Comdr. Aircraft, Battle Force, Jan.; to Nav. Air Sta., San Diego.

Lt. (jg) William R. Lefavour, det. Narwhal Jan. 3; to Tarpon.

November 22, 1937

Rear Adm. Albert W. Marshall, det. Nav. Operations, Navy Dept., on Jan. 13; to duty as Pres. Naval Examining Board, Navy Dept.

Comdr. Thomas Baxter, det. as Asst. Insp. of Nav. Matl., San Francisco; to continue trmt. Nav. Hosp., Mare Island; on disch. trmt. to home, relieved all active duty.
 Comdr. Oliver M. Read, det. CO, Antares, Dec. 1; to Northampton as executive off.

Lt. Caleb R. Crandall, det. Maryland, Dec. 22; to Chaumont.

Lt. Joseph B. Maher, det. Chaumont, Jan. 7; to Maryland.

Lt. Dale Mayberry, to duty New Mexico; instead 11th Naval District.

Lt. Leroy V. Honsinger (CC), det. Office of Suptg. Constructor, Bath Iron Works Corp., Nov.; to Battleships, Battle Force.

November 23, 1937

Capt. Ronan C. Grady, relieved addl. duty as Cdr. Subm. Div. 12; continue duty Cdr. Subm. Sqdn. 6.

Comdr. Donald Royce, on Jan. 29 to staff, Cdr. Aircraft Battle Force, as engr. off. for aircraft.

Lt. Comdr. Edgar R. Winckler, det. Omaha, Jan. 4; to New York as 1st lt. and damage control officer.

Lt. William T. Easton, det. VT-5 (Yorktown), Jan. or Feb.; to c. f. o. aviation unit, Boise and for duty when comm.

Lt. Thomas E. Fraser, det. NYd., Phila., Nov. 22; to duty as aide to Cdt., Norfolk Navy Yard.

Lt. (jg) Claude F. Bailey, det. McDougal, Nov. 19; to Asiatic Station.

Lt. (jg) Lester S. Chambers, det. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Dec. 10; to VT-5 (Yorktown).

Lt. (jg) William A. Dean, Jr., det. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Dec. 10; to VF5 (Yorktown).

Lt. (jg) John G. Urquhart, Jr., uncompleted portion ors. Sept. 22 revoked, continue trmt. Naval Hosp., Wash.

Lt. Walter P. Caruthers (DC), det. Relief, Jan. 26; to NYd., Puget Sound.

Ch. Bosn. Edwin M. Jacobson, det. Receiving Sta., NYd., Phila., Feb. 1; to Idaho.

Ch. Bosn. Joseph K. Konieczny, det. Norfolk NYd., Portsmouth, Jan. 15; to Receiving Sta., NYd., Phila.

Bosn. Dewey Walley, det. Idaho, Feb. 20; to Norfolk NYd.

Coast Guard Orders

Secretary of the Treasury
 Henry Morgenthau, Jr.

Commandant, U. S. Coast Guard
 Rear Adm. Russel B. Waeche

Lt. Comdr. R. C. Jewell, assigned to command Kickapoo in addition to duties as Commanding Officer, Maine Inshore Patrol Force.

Chief Bosn. (L) F. L. Wells, detached Two

Rivers Station, effective Dec. 6, 1937, and assigned Bogus Inlet Station as commanding officer.

Bosn. (L) Herman M. Teller died at Port Aransas, Texas.

Bosn. A. M. Haynes, assigned temporary duty Kickapoo, effective about Dec. 1, 1937, for duration of ice breaking season 1937-1938.

Mach. H. C. Watts, assigned temporary duty Kickapoo, effective about Dec. 1, 1937, for duration of ice breaking season 1937-1938.

Pay Clk. J. R. Harris, detached Tallapoosa, effective Dec. 1, 1937, and assigned Unalga.

Army Orders

(Continued from Page 253)

The following assigned to two weeks active duty training at place indicated:

Lt. Col. Giles Willard Rich, Air-Res., off. of Asst. Sec. of War, Washington, D. C., Nov. 28.

Lt. Col. Walter Pierron Burn, Chem.-Res., off. Asst. Sec. of War, Nov. 28.

Maj. George Christie, Jr., Spec.-Res., off. Asst. Sec. of War, Nov. 28.

Maj. Frank Edward Benedict, Spec.-Res., off. Asst. Sec. of War, Nov. 28.

Maj. Walter John Wallace, Spec.-Res., off. Asst. Sec. of War, Nov. 28.

Maj. John Gilkison Whytlaw, Jr., Spec.-Res., off. Asst. Sec. of War, Nov. 28.

Capt. Stuart Naramore, Ord.-Res., off. Asst. Sec. of War, Nov. 28.

Capt. Loren Morgan Jenks, Ord.-Res., off. Asst. Sec. of War, Nov. 28.

2nd Lt. Charles Williamson Lueders, Jr., Ord.-Res., executive asst., Philadelphia Dist. Ord. Off., Pa., Dec. 5.

1st Lt. Harry Landsman, Fin.-Res., Sel-fridge Fld., Mount Clemens, Mich., Jan. 16.

Capt. Frank George Osgood, Spec.-Res., off. Asst. Sec. of War, Nov. 28.

Lt. Col. Frederick Charles Bahr, Air-Res., off. Asst. Sec. of War, Nov. 28.

Maj. Frank Anthony Cerruti, Air-Res., off. Asst. Sec. of War, Nov. 28.

Promotion of Reserves

2nd Lt. William A. Cocke, Jr., Air-Res., to 1st Lt.

1st Lt. Daniel Handler, FA-Res., to Capt.

1st Lt. Robert John Craig, Inf.-Res., to Capt.

2nd Lt. Robert Humphrey Tomlinson, Jr., Fin.-Res., to 1st Lt.

2nd Lt. Robin Cassius Cannon, Air-Res., to 1st Lt.

2nd Lt. Gordon Fielding Bragg, FA-Res., to 1st Lt.

1st Lt. Leonard Pierce Daniels, Inf.-Res., to Capt.

2nd Lt. Lawrence Brownlee Savage, Jr., QM-Res., to 1st Lt.

1st Lt. Maurice Reuben Simmonds, QM-Res., to Capt.

Service Legislative Summary

BILLS INTRODUCED

General

Peterson, H. R. 8470. To amend the now existing pay schedules of enlisted personnel of Army, Navy, Marine Corps, and Coast Guard.

Army

Faddis, H. R. 8426. To promote the training and efficiency of the cadets of the United States Military Academy; and also to improve the efficiency of the Regular Army.

May, H. R. 8454. To provide for a commissioned strength of 14,650 for the Regular Army.

Faddis, H. R. 8455. To decrease unemployment, to amend the Pay Adjustment Act of 1922.

Smith, H. R. 8460. To authorize the city of Vancouver, Wash., to construct and maintain a historical memorial on the Vancouver Barracks Military Reservation, Wash.

Navy

Sanders, H. R. 8445. To promote Lt. (jg) Calvin Berry White, SC, USN, to lieutenant, on the retired list.

Gambrill, H. J. Res. 508. Authorizing restoration and preservation of the frigate "Constellation," at Baltimore, Md.

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WASHINGTON, D. C.

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Personals

Mr. Francis Warren Pershing and his fiancée, Miss Muriel Richards, of New York, spent the Thanksgiving holiday with the former's father, General John J. Pershing, General of the Armies at Washington, D. C.

Mrs. Samuel T. Mackall and her mother, Mrs. Pierce M. B. Travis are spending Thanksgiving and the Christmas holidays with Capt. and Mrs. M. K. Delchmann at Ft. Monroe, Va.

Mrs. Halford R. Greenlee, wife of the Industrial Manager of the Portsmouth Navy Yard and Mrs. Robert L. Denig, wife of the Commanding Officer of the Naval Prison, entertained at luncheon at the Eastman House, South Berwick, Me., on Nov. 17. Covers were laid for twenty-six.

Mrs. Robert Henderson, wife of Capt. Robert Henderson, USN-Ret., is the house guest of her son and daughter-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. Robert E. Henderson, Washington, D. C. Capt. and Mrs. Henderson, long residents of the Capital, now make their home in Los Angeles. After a week's visit in Philadelphia and attending the Army-Navy game, Mrs. Henderson will return to Washington, D. C., for the Christmas holidays before going to the West Coast.

Mrs. W. W. Benson, wife of Capt. Benson, USMC, and her sister, Mrs. Helen K. Williams, gave a luncheon Monday, Nov. 15, in the Benson home on Elliott st., Loma Portal, San Diego, Calif. Guest of honor was Mrs. Joseph H. Berry, wife of Capt. Berry, USMC, of Long Beach. Others present were Meses. Orin Wheeler, Ralph Luce, Francis McQuillen, Wilson Dodge, James Brower Hutchinson, William Colman.

Lt. Blon B. Bierer, jr. (SC), USN, and Mrs. Bierer, at the far away naval station at Samoa are rejoicing over the birth of their first child, Caroline McDougal on Thursday, Nov. 18. The baby has an unusual naval heritage as she is the granddaughter of the late Capt. Blon Barnett Bierer and of Capt. John L. Neilson, jr., of the Medical Corps, the great granddaughter of the late Capt. Charles J. McDougal, and of the late Medical Inspector, John Land Neilson, and the great great granddaughter of the late Rear Adm. Stockton McDougal.

Miss Alexandrine Rowan, daughter of Capt. and Mrs. Stephen C. Rowan, was introduced to society Nov. 22, at a tea at the Navy Yard.

Aiding Mrs. Rowan in receiving the guests were Mrs. Creswell Garlington, wife of Lt. Col. Garlington, USA, and Mrs. Albert Gerhard, aunts of the debutante. Guests included Mrs. Claude Swanson, wife of the Secretary of the Navy; Admiral William D. Leahy and Mrs. Leahy; Rear Adm. and Mrs. Mark Bristol, USN-Ret.; and the Naval Attache of the French embassy, Comdr. Pierre Benech and Mme. Benech.

The Gray Ladies of the Naval Hospital Unit entertained at tea Nov. 23, at the recreation building of the Naval Hospital, Washington, D. C.

A feature of the party, attended by 150 officers and members of the medical staff of the hospital, and their wives, was the presentation to the institution of a Red

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SERVICE SOCIAL NEWS



MRS. WILLIAM RANDOLPH PEELER, who before her recent marriage to Ens. William Randolph Peeler, USN, at Norfolk, Va., was Miss Eleanor Shepherd Browne, of Mexico, Mo.

Cross flag by Mrs. Claude A. Swanson, wife of the Secretary of the Navy, and chairman of the Navy-Marine Red Cross production unit. Capt. George C. Thomas, commanding officer, received it in behalf of the hospital.

In the receiving line were Mrs. Albert Cushing Read, chairman of the Gray Lady unit; Mrs. George C. Thomas, Mrs. Charles S. Butler, wife of Rear Adm. Butler; and Miss Nell Ennis, field director for the Red Cross.

Those who poured tea included Mrs. William D. Leahy, wife of Admiral Leahy, Chief of Naval Operations; Mrs. George T. Pettengill, of the Navy Relief, wife of Admiral Pettengill, Commandant of the Navy Yard; Miss Eleanor C. Vincent, supervisor of Red Cross service in naval and military hospitals, and Mrs. George W. Calver, wife of Capt. Calver, and former chairman of the unit.

Lt. Col. and Mrs. S. F. Parker, MC, USA, arrived in Panama, Nov. 13, on the transport Chateau Thierry. Lieutenant Parker will join the Medical Staff of Gorgas Hospital and they will make their home in Gorgas Hospital Grounds.

Capt. Alexander McCone, FA, USA, returned to Ft. Clayton, Canal Zone, on the SS Tolosa, Nov. 13, from a short leave spent in Washington, D. C.

Mrs. T. Q. Donaldson of New York, widow of Maj. Gen. T. Q. Donaldson, arrived at Ft. Myer to spend the holidays with her son and daughter-in-law, Capt. and Mrs. T. Q. Donaldson, jr., Cav., USA.

Lt. Col. Edward W. Sturdevant, USMC-Ret., and Mrs. Sturdevant will give a tea Thursday afternoon, Dec. 23, to present their daughter, Miss Mary Alice Sturdevant. The tea will be followed by a buffet supper and later they will go to the dance which Mrs. Allen Nash will give her for her two daughters.

Dr. Harold Willis Dodds, president of Princeton University, N. J., and Mrs. Dodds entertained Rear Adm. David F. Sellers, superintendent of the Naval Academy, and Mrs. Sellers, at a luncheon before the Princeton-Navy football game Saturday, Nov. 20.

The following officers of the Panama Department sailed on the USAT Chateau Thierry November 17 for New York: 1st Lt. John A. Feagin, AC; 1st Lt. P. Ernest Gabel, AC; Maj. Francis M. Rich, Inf.; 1st Lt. John M. Price, AC, and Lt. Col. Edward Roth, jr., AGD; 2nd Lt. Glen

Cole, Inf.; Capt. Miguel Montesinos, Inf.; 1st Lt. James W. Pumpelly, Inf.; 1st Lt. Homer D. Bernard, Air-Res.; Col. Fred H. Coleman, AC; 2nd Lt. Charles M. Dittich, jr., Air-Res.; Maj. Leonidas L. Koontz, AC; 1st Lt. Truman H. Landon, AC; 1st Lt. Morris J. Lee, AC; 1st Lt. Millard Lewis, AC; 1st Lt. Roy H. Lynn, AC; 1st Lt. Elvin F. Maughan, AC; 1st Lt. Franklin K. Paul, jr., AC; Maj. George W. Polk, jr., AC; 2nd Lt. Peter J. Prosen, Air-Res., and 1st Lt. Robert F. Tate, AC.

Weddings and Engagements

Miss Caroline Baury Jansen, younger daughter of Lt. Col. Thomas E. Jansen, USA-Ret., and Mrs. Jansen, of Pine Bush, N. Y., and Washington, was married Saturday, Nov. 20, 1937, to Mr. William Adams Pope, son of Mrs. Walter F. Pope, of Sandwich, Mass., and the late Mr. Pope. The ceremony was performed in New Prospect Church near Pine Bush, by the Rev. Harold L. Andress, rector of Grace Episcopal Church, Middletown, N. Y. After the ceremony a reception was held at the residence of the bride's parents.

The bride attended Miss Maderia's School in Washington, and graduated from National Park Seminary. For the past two years she has been living in New York. She is the granddaughter of the Capt. Forbes Bradford, USN, and the late Mrs. Bradford. The bridegroom was graduated from Milton Academy.

Capt. Alfred J. Toulon, (MC), USN, and Mrs. Toulon, announce the engagement of their daughter, Dorothy, to Lt. (jg) Jerome Frost Smith, (MC), USN. Miss Toulon is the granddaughter of the late Col. Lewis E. Goodier, USA. She is a graduate of the College of William and Mary, Williamsburg, Va., and a member of the Kappa Alpha Theta Sorority.

Lieutenant Smith, whose home is in San Diego, Calif., was graduated from Stanford University and Stanford Medical School, and is now on duty in Washington, D. C.

The wedding will take place early in April.

Mr. and Mrs. George Hewitt Myers of Washington, D. C., announce the engagement of their daughter, Louise Chase, to Lt. John R. Pugh, 3d, Cav., USA. Lieutenant Pugh is the son of Mr. and Mrs. De Witt Pugh of Norristown, Pa.

Miss Myers was educated at Dobbs Ferry and made her debut in Washington several seasons ago. Her eldest sister, Mrs. John Rowland Hill resides in Washington, D. C., while the former Miss Mary H. Myers, now Mrs. Alexander G. Stone, wife of 1st Lt. Alexander G. Stone, FA, USA, resides in Ft. Sill, Okla., where her husband is stationed.

No date has been set for the wedding.

Capt. and Mrs. Fred W. Holt, (SC), USN, have announced the engagement of their daughter, Naomi to Lt. (jg) Richard S. Silvis, (MC), USN. The wedding will take place early in December at the Naval Training Station, Great Lakes, Ill.

Dr. and Mrs. Everett Arnold Land announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Nancy Lee Land, to Lt. (jg) Frederick Henry Wahlig, USN. The wedding will take place Saturday, Dec. 18.

Miss Land attended Arlington Hall, Washington, and made her debut on Friday night, Nov. 3, at the ball given by the Norfolk German Club. Lieutenant Wahlig is a graduate of the U. S. Naval Academy, class of 1933.

Mrs. William Herbert Johnson announces the engagement of her daughter, Miss Freda Winters Johnson, to Lt. (jg) Adolphe Wildner, USN. The wedding will take place Saturday, Nov. 27, 1937.

Miss Johnson was graduated from Randolph-Macon Woman's College. Lieutenant Wildner is a graduate of the U. S. Naval Academy, class of 1932, and is attached to the USS Nokomis.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarkson Runyon have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Jane Allen Runyon, to 1st Lt. Thomas West Hammond, Inf., USA.

Miss Runyon is a graduate of the West-over School and a member of the Junior League and of the Colony Club. Her father is a member of the New York Stock Exchange and of the brokerage firm of Carlisle, Mellick & Co.

Lieutenant Hammond, son of Mrs. Thomas West Hammond of West Point and the late Colonel Hammond, who was Commissioner of Sanitation under Mayor La Guardia, was graduated in 1929 from the United States Military Academy. For several years he was military aide at the White House during the Hoover administration and is now an instructor at the United States Military Academy.

The wedding will take place late next month.

The marriage of Miss Dorothy Gimber, of Philadelphia and San Diego, to Ens. Robert E. Dornin, USN, will take place Nov. 29 in Philadelphia. Ensign Dornin was graduated from the United States Naval Academy at Annapolis, Md., in 1935 and is now a member of the Navy football coaching staff.

Miss Mary Alger Smith, daughter of Comdr. Roy C. Smith, jr., USN, and Mrs. Smith, will be married Dec. 22 at Trinity (Please turn to Page 260)

Daughters of U. S. Army

The November meeting of the Chicago Chapter of the Society of the Daughters of the U. S. Army was held at the home of Mrs. J. H. Hutchinson. It was a large and most enthusiastic group, which met for the purpose of electing officers for the coming year. The following were elected unanimously: Mrs. J. H. B. Bogman, President, Mrs. Harry A. Thompson, Vice President, Mrs. Barbara Johnson, Treasurer, and Mrs. J. H. Hutchinson, Secretary. Miss Barbara Johnson will have the December meeting at her apartment at 227 East Delaware Place.



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Posts and Stations

WASHINGTON, D. C.
November 29, 1937

Col. and Mrs. Richard D. Newman, Cav., USA, presented their daughter Miss Rosemary Newman to society at a tea in their home on Arlington Road near here, Wednesday afternoon, Nov. 24.

Miss Newman appeared in a white net frock, flecked with gold. A short jacket of gold and white lame completed the costume. She carried yellow roses.

This week-end Miss Newman will be the guest of Miss Hersey at her home in Philadelphia, Pa. Following the Army-Navy football game, Miss Hersey will give a supper party in the deb's honor.

Strictly a Navy party was the tea given Nov. 22 by Adm. William D. Leahy, Chief of Naval Operations, and Mrs. Leahy at their quarters at the Naval Observatory. They received hosts of their friends on both active and retired lists of the Navy and Marine Corps between the hours of 5 and 7 o'clock.

The first of the Navy Yard dances was held Nov. 20 in the Sail Loft at the Washington Navy Yard and proved one of the most brilliant events ever staged in those sacred confines.

The dance committee, headed by Lt. Comdr. Harley Cope, Rear Adm. George T. Pettigill's aide, deserves all of the compliments it got for the most successful way in which the arrangements were handled, and the delicious refreshments it provided.

Lt. Col. and Mrs. Maurice E. Shearer, USMC, have as their guest at their home in Georgetown, Ky. Mrs. Anderson C. Deering, of Louisville, Ky.

Comdr. Philip B. Eaton, USCG, and Mrs. Eaton entertained at the dinner dance at the Shoreham Hotel, Saturday, Nov. 20, in honor of Miss Margene Musser. Miss Musser has just returned from Europe and is spending a few days in Washington before returning to Honolulu to join her parents, Col. and Mrs. Robert Musser, USA-Ret.

Mrs. Clifford Corbin and daughter, Miss Dolly Corbin, on Monday, Nov. 22, took possession of their new apartment at 1606 Twentieth St. The Corbins are being welcomed back to Washington after a long absence at Fort Shafter, Honolulu, where Colonel Corbin is stationed in the QMC, USA.

WEST POINT, N. Y.
November 24, 1937

The fourth dance of the autumn series for officers was held at Cullum Hall Saturday evening, Nov. 20. Lt. Col. Gerald A. Counts and Mrs. Counts, assisted by 1st Lt. Robert W. Ward, Inf., USA, and Mrs. Ward, received the guests.

Capt. Thomas M. Watlington, Jr., FA, and Mrs. Watlington had as their week-end guests Mrs. Watlington's brother and sister-in-law, Lt. Edgar T. Conley, Jr., Inf., USA, and Mrs. Conley, of Ft. Benning, Ga., and Capt. William B. Palmer, FA, of Baltimore, Md.

1st Lt. Edward Van Bibber, Inf., and Mrs. Van Bibber, of Miller Field, L. I., were the guests last week of 1st Lt. John S. Upham, Inf., and Mrs. Upham. Mrs. Upham's mother, Mrs. John Lawrence, of Rutland, Vt., arrived on Friday to visit for the week-end with Lieutenant Upham and Mrs. Upham.

Mrs. Charles W. Titus, who has been the guest for several months of her son-in-law and daughter, Capt. Oscar G. Fegan, QMC, USA, and Mrs. Fegan, departed last week for her home in San Antonio, Tex.

Capt. Milo Matteson, Cav., and Mrs. Matteson, of Ft. Riley, Kan., were the guests of Capt. Earl S. Gruver, Ord. Dept., and Mrs. Gruver. Captain Matteson departed on Tuesday, Nov. 16 for Toronto to participate in the Royal Canadian Horse Show.

The first, second and third classes of the Corps of Cadets entertained at a hop Nov. 20 in the old gymnasium. Cadet Robert A. Jones, assisted by 1st Lt. James A. Ostrand and Mrs. Ostrand, received the guests.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Butcher Parker, of Haverford, Pa., and their daughters, the Misses Ann and Patricia Parker, were the week-end guests of Lt. Col. Thurston Hughes and Mrs. Hughes, AGD.

Mrs. Mason Raynsford, of Washington, was the week-end guest of Capt. John S. Roosma, Inf., and Mrs. Roosma.

The last organ recital of the fall series was held in the Cadet Chapel, Nov. 21. Mr. Frederick C. Mayer, the organist had the assistance of the members of the United States Military Academy band.

ANNAPOLIS, MD.
November 23, 1937

Rear Adm. David Foote Sellers and Mrs. Sellers gave a small dinner party last Wednesday night before the presentation of four one-act plays by the Dramatic Section of the Naval Academy Womens' Club.

On Friday evening, Admiral and Mrs. Sellers were hosts at a dinner for George Hubbard Blakeslee, head of the Department of History and International Relations of Clark University, Worcester, Mass. Later in the evening Doctor Blakeslee lectured to the First Class Midshipmen.

On Sunday Admiral and Mrs. Sellers gave a

luncheon for Mrs. Philip Van Horn Lansdale of San Francisco, who is spending the winter in Washington with her brother-in-law and sister, Brig. Gen. and Mrs. George Pillsbury, of Washington, D. C.

Comdr. Burton Chippendale and Mrs. Chippendale gave a small party on Wednesday at their home in the Naval Academy.

Mrs. Franklin D. Karns, wife of Capt. Franklin D. Karns, USN-Ret., has gone to Washington, D. C., where she will be the guest of her son-in-law and daughter, Lt. and Mrs. William C. Schultz at their home in Lyon Village.

Capt. Richard H. Trousky, USA, who has been on duty in Hawaii, is spending several months leave with his parents, Dr. and Mrs. Trousky.

Mrs. James T. Bootes, wife of Col. James T. Bootes, gave a bridge luncheon on Friday at her home on King George St.

Comdr. and Mrs. Benton W. Decker entertained at a cocktail party on Friday at their quarters in the Naval Academy.

QUANTICO, VA.
November 24, 1937

Saturday evening, Nov. 20, one of the regular dances at the Officers' Club was held. Many dinner parties preceded this affair.

Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Richard P. Williams, USMC, were the guests in whose honor Capt. and Mrs. Gale T. Cummings, USMC, entertained at dinner Nov. 20. Other guests were Mrs. William Garnett Strobhar, Col. and Mrs. Charles J. Miller, Col. and Mrs. Samuel M. Harrington, Lt. Col. and Mrs. Henry L. Larsen, Lt. Col. and Mrs. Allen H. Turnage, Mr. and Mrs. William Walmsley of England, Lt. Col. and Mrs. Thomas E. Bourke, Maj. and Mrs. William T. Clement, Capt. and Mrs. Charles C. Brown, Lt. James Reid, (MC), USN, and Mrs. Reid and Lt. R. Lehman H. Klepinger.

Capt. and Mrs. Thomas D. Marks, USMC, their children, Tom Marks and Linda Marks and Mrs. Marks' mother, Mrs. E. S. Schwartz of California, motored this week to Summerville, Ga., to spend the Thanksgiving holiday with Captain Marks' family.

Mr. and Mrs. William Walmsley of England, who are he house guests of Lt. Col. and Mrs. Allen H. Turnage, USMC, were the guests of honor at a supper given by Col. and Mrs. Samuel M. Harrington, Saturday evening, Nov. 19.

Col. and Mrs. Leander A. Clapp, were guests Nov. 20 at the dinner at which Maj. and Mrs. E. H. Brainsard of Washington entertained at the Army Navy Country Club preceding the dance.

Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Charles R. Tatum, USMC, will have with them over the Thanksgiving holiday their son, Mr. Robert Tatum, who is a student at the Haverford School, Haverford, Pa.

Capt. and Mrs. Lawrence Norman, USMC, entertained at a cocktail party at their quarters and at dinner at the Officers' Club.

Maj. and Mrs. James D. Waller, USMC, Mrs. Maria Moore of Richmond, Va., and Mr. Moncure Waller will go to Philadelphia to visit Mrs. Waller's brother-in-law and sister, Maj. and Mrs. Paul Crowley, USMC, for Thanksgiving and to attend the Army-Navy football game Saturday.

Maj. William J. Wallace, Capt. Boeker S. Batterton, Admiral Jackson, USN-Ret., Capt. Carson A. Roberts, Capt. Vernon Megee and 1st Lt. Henry T. Elrod, USMC, spent three days last week on a hunting trip at Clifton Forge, Va.

Maj. and Mrs. William D. Bassett, USMC, entertained 20 guests at cocktails at their quarters and dinner at the Officers' Mess Nov. 20, preceding the dance.

LONG BEACH, CALIF.
November 21, 1937

Admiral Arthur J. Hepburn, Commander in Chief of the United States Fleet, is among the guests invited to a supper tonight given by Comdr. and Mrs. Charles Maynard Cooke, Jr., in their American Avenue home, for Capt. and Mrs. Milo Dracmel, who are to leave Dec. 15 for his new duty at the Naval Academy. Other guests invited are Rear Adm. David McDougal LeBreton, Capt. George Barker, Comdr. and Mrs. James C. Bryant, Jr., Dewitt Ramsey, Walden Almsworth, Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. John Roper, and several civilian friends. Miss Elizabeth Cooke will assist her parents.

Mrs. Claude Bloch, who will be the Naval colony's first lady when Admiral Bloch relieves Admiral Hepburn, is back in Long Beach after an enjoyable stay in San Francisco.

Rear Adm. John Downes, and Mrs. Downes are being honored today at an informal luncheon given by Capt. Randall Jacobs, commanding USS Tuscaloosa. It is aboard ship and the captain is being assisted in entertaining by Mrs. Jacobs and Miss Mary Jane Jacobs.

Interesting guests of Comdr. and Mrs. Lybrand Smith, USS West Virginia, are her brother-in-law and sister, Consul General and Mrs. George Makinson, who came recently from his diplomatic post at Frankfurt, Germany, and early in December will sail for

his new post at Osaka, Japan. Since their arrival the visitors, Mrs. Smith and Miss Twomeley Smith spent several days at Ensenada, Mexico.

An informal cocktail party was given yesterday by Comdr. and Mrs. Herman Spanagel at their Bennet Avenue home. They came recently from a Summer at Bremerton, where the officer joined the staff of Admiral Arthur J. Hepburn aboard USS Pennsylvania. The couple's three sons, Robert, a student at Harvard Military Academy, Don and Lauren, students in Long Beach schools.

While she was in Coronado last week Mrs. Charles Maynard Cooke, Jr., was a guest of Comdr. and Mrs. F. C. Sherman. She renewed many friendships in the service set and was much entertained. Formerly executive officer of USS Saratoga, Commander Sherman is now executive officer of the Naval Air Station.

The week of grand opera in Los Angeles drew many of the Naval colony to the performances. Mrs. John Roper, wife of Lieutenant Commander Roper, was among those enjoying "Aida" Thursday night. Comdr. and Mrs. Eugene Tricon, who reside at the Town House, Los Angeles, were also among the opera devotees.

NORFOLK, VA.
November 25, 1937

Rear Adm. and Mrs. Charles A. Blakely entertained Wednesday night, Nov. 17, at the first of a series of dinners at their home on Bolling Avenue. Their guests numbered eight.

Capt. and Mrs. Guy E. Davis were hosts Thursday evening, Nov. 11, at the third in a series of dinners on board the USS New York. Covers were laid for ten, and Capt. and Mrs. Davis's guests were Lt. Col. and Mrs. Samuel L. Howard, Lt. and Mrs. Douglas E. Smith, Lt. and Mrs. William L. Ware, and Lt. and Mrs. C. F. Horne.

Capt. and Mrs. Alexander M. Charlton entertained Wednesday night, Nov. 10, at a dinner at their home at the Navy Yard. Following the dinner bridge was played at three tables.

Capt. and Mrs. Ralph M. Warfield entertained Saturday night, Nov. 13, at a dinner at the Officers' Club at the Naval Base preceding the fortnightly dance at the Club. Their guests numbered sixteen.

Capt. and Mrs. Ernest D. McWhorter were hosts Saturday evening, Nov. 20, at a dinner on board the USS Yorktown in honor of Miss Brodick. Capt. and Mrs. McWhorter's other guests included Misses Sallie Maeon Porter, Frances Mercedes, Anne Gayle Plummer, Lila Blakely, Caroline Jones, and the Junior Officers of the ship.

Comdr. and Mrs. Archibald McGlasson entertained Saturday night, Nov. 20, at a dinner at their quarters at the Naval Base. Covers were laid for twenty.

Comdr. and Mrs. McGlasson entertained again Sunday night at a dinner at which their guests numbered twenty.

A delightful event of the week was the fortnightly meeting of the Naval Base Bridge Club, held Monday afternoon at the Officers' Club at the Naval Base. During the afternoon there was a style show of knitted dresses, and they were modeled by the following ladies: Mrs. Luther B. Marshall, Jr., Mrs. Arthur W. Harrison, Mrs. Kennon W. Rodwell, Mrs. Ivor A. Page, sr., Mrs. Allen Todd, and Miss Mary Oliver Price.

Bridge was played at twenty-seven tables.

SAN DIEGO, CALIF.
November 23, 1937

A civic luncheon in honor of Comdr. Ben Moreell, (CEC), USN, who will soon assume the post of chief of the Bureau of Yards and Docks in the Navy Department, with rank of Rear Admiral, was held on Tuesday at the Casa del Rey Moro Cafe in Balboa Park, under the sponsorship of the city and county and the chamber of commerce. Commander Moreell spent two days here inspecting local shore stations.

Capt. and Mrs. John H. Towers, USN, and Comdr. and Mrs. George D. Murray, USN, have been recent guests at the Naval Air Station, occupying for the time the quarters of Capt. Arthur L. Bristol, Jr., the latter being in the east.

Capt. Allen B. Reed, USN, has arrived from Washington, D. C., to visit for a few days at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Frank C. McClain of Coronado.

Entertaining in honor of Rear Adm. and Mrs. Charles S. Freeman, USN, and in celebration of their own twentieth wedding anniversary, Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. William E. McClendon, USN, were hosts at their home Saturday afternoon.

Mrs. William W. Benson, wife of Captain Benson, USMC, and her sister, Mrs. Helen

K. Williams, were joint hostesses at a luncheon the past week, honoring Mrs. Joseph H. Berry, wife of Captain Berry, USMC, who was down from Long Beach.

Mrs. James Fife, Jr., wife of Lieutenant Commander Fife, USN, entertained Thursday with a bridge luncheon at her home.

Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Joseph C. Cronin, USN, observed their sixteenth wedding anniversary Saturday evening with a dinner at their Coronado home.

Lt. and Mrs. Marvin P. Evenson, USN, have returned from the east and will be here for three months, while Lieutenant Evenson is on duty at North Island, and then they will return to Honolulu.

Comdr. Joel T. Boone, (MC), USN, former White House physician, spoke before the wives of Navy doctors at their luncheon meeting the past week on "Personal Reminiscences of Eight First Ladies of the Land."

Maj. and Mrs. Chapman Grant, USA-Ret., were honored at a reception arranged by their daughter and son, Miss Mabel Grant and U. S. Grant V, in observance of the twentieth wedding anniversary of the parents.

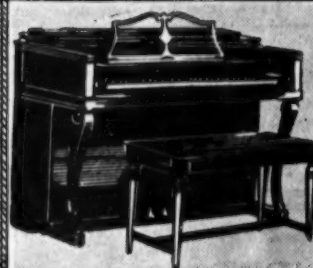
Guardsmen in Display

A detachment of the Seventh Cavalry Brigade participated with a detachment of the 138th Field Artillery, Kentucky National Guard, in a military display on the floor of the Armory at Louisville, Ky., Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, Nov. 15 to 18, for recruiting purposes. The detachment consisted of one armored car, one combat car, and a howitzer section, with their respective personnel.

Capt. Douglas Cameron commanded the detachment on its march to Louisville.

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Weddings and Engagements

(Continued from Page 258)

Church, Newport, R. I., to Lt. (jg) Poyntell Caldwell Staley, Jr., USN, son of Mr. and Mrs. Poyntell C. Staley of Providence. Miss Smith will return shortly to join her parents at the Knox cottage. Lieutenant Staley is an aviator on duty with the Lexington.

The engagement of Virginia Queen Stocker, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Frederick Stocker of Hempstead, L. I., to 2nd Lt. James Ferris Pearsall, USA, son of Mr. and Mrs. James Ferris Pearsall of Plainsfield, N. J., was announced yesterday by Miss Stocker's parents.

The prospective bride attended Antioch College and Katherine Gibbs Secretarial School. Lieutenant Pearsall was graduated from West Point in June, 1937, and now is stationed at Schofield Bks., Hawaii.

Miss Stocker plans to sail early in January for Hawaii, where the wedding will take place in February.

THE U. S. COAST GUARD

Legislation is now in the process of formulation to provide for training of merchant seamen by the United States Coast Guard it was revealed in Washington this week.

Following conferences between Chairman Joseph P. Kennedy of the Maritime Commission, Senator Royal S. Copeland and Coast Guard officials, it is expected that the legislation will be available to be presented to Congress at the next regular session.

Coast Guard and Maritime officials expressed little hope of being able to accomplish anything beyond the ground-work at the special session.

The legislation, providing for an outlay of more than one and a third million dollars, is based on the fact that the Government in 1917 established a Sea Training Bureau under the authority of the Shipping Act of 1916, and funds were appropriated for the purpose in 1918 and 1919.

The Commission's report of Nov. 10 states:

"It appears, therefore, that there is legal authority for the creation of a system of sea training and the Commission is convinced that the United States Government should undertake this function."

A plan has been devised for the training of 500 young men, between the ages of 18 and 23, under the supervision of the Coast Guard.

Under the contemplated set-up, the Commission will operate a shore base on Hoffman and Swinburn Islands in New York Harbor. Hoffman Island has 15 buildings on it which are in exceptionally good condition. The buildings are easily adaptable for living and training purposes. Swinburn Island is located a short distance from Hoffman Island and would be a helpful adjunct to the main training station. The Commandant of the Coast Guard, Rear Adm. Russell R. Waesche, and his aides have examined this prop-

erty, consider it suitable for the purpose, and are willing to undertake the work.

The men would be enlisted in the Coast Guard for one year, and in cases where a recruit showed aptitude for further specialized training, an enlistment for an additional year's training would be permitted.

The training would cover approximately three months at the shore station, six months on a training merchant vessel and three months on a cruising cutter of the Coast Guard.

The Coast Guard is wholeheartedly behind the plan, and in this connection Chairman Kennedy said:

"The Coast Guard has consented to assume the task of conducting any such training course which might be established. The whole objective of such a program would be to raise the calibre of our marine personnel. It is believed that with an improvement in working conditions and assuming that labor relations will be established on a harmonious basis, there is every reason to expect that a high type of personnel, drawn from all sections of the country can be attracted to the merchant marine."

The Commission's recommendations, as outlined above, will be incorporated in the legislation to be asked.

It is a direct outgrowth of investigations into the Morro Castle and Mohawk disasters.

Retired Officers' Association

Due to the growth of the Retired Officers' Association from 63 members in 1929 to 3,115 members and contributors as of Nov. 13, 1937, the Advisory Board of the organization is recommending to its Life Members a new "set up" which should strengthen the Association considerably and place it in a better position to accomplish its objectives.

The new "set up" will provide for the election, by the life members, of a President, Secretary and Treasurer (all three of which offices may be held by one person) and a Board of Directors, of not less than seven, or more than eleven, who will be vested with such power, as it usually placed in Boards of similar nature of corporations and associations.

Furthermore the new By-Laws (draft of which is now in the hands of a printer and will be sent to all life members shortly) will stipulate that the organization is not profit making and that the only official of the Association who will receive any compensation out of the funds of the Association will be its President.

The Advisory Board is submitting to all life members the By-Laws for consideration, approval or disapproval, as well as the following names for officers of the Association:

Maj. Gen. L. H. Beach, USA; Col. H. C. Barnes, USA; Lt. Col. C. S. Frank, USA; Capt. J. B. Babcock, USN; Capt. Robert Henderson, USN; Lt. Comdr. Geo. P. Brown, USN; Col. A. T. Marix, USMC; Capt. M. S. Hay, USCG; Med. Dir. W. C. Billings, USPHS; Lt. (jg) D. E. Wheeler, Jr., USC & GS.

The officers to be appointed by authority vested by the Board of Directors in the President, will be a Board of General Counsellors to consist of not more than 12 (one for each Army Corps Area or Naval District) and a Liaison officer or officers. In part this Board will be composed as follows:

Rear Adm. Spencer S. Wood, USN; Maj. Gen. Chas. S. Farnsworth, USA; Maj. Gen. J. H. Pendleton, USMC; Maj. Gen. Lansing H. Beach, USA; Rear Adm. F. B. Bassett, USN; Brig. Gen. Geo. C. Shaw, USA; Col. Frank D. Ely, USA; Liaison Officer, Capt. G. T. Rude, C & GS, Dept. of Commerce, Washington, D. C.

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Naval Reserve Inspections

The Federal Inspection Board, composed of Capt. I. H. Mayfield, USN, Comdr. R. E. Kerr, USN, and Lt. Comdr. J. P. Conover, USN, spent the week of Nov. 1 to Nov. 5 inspecting the Springfield (Mass.) Division on Monday, Worcester on Tuesday, New Bedford on Wednesday, Newport on Thursday and the Fall River Division on Friday.

The 3d Battalion will be inspected on Nov. 30, the 2nd Battalion on Dec. 1, and the 1st Battalion on Dec. 2 and 3.

Oppose Retired Hospitalization

Unlimited admission of retired personnel of the armed services to Army and Navy hospitals is opposed by the War Department, Secretary of War Woodring has informed Congress.

The Secretary told the House Military Committee, in a letter received this week, that the passage of HR 8005, permitting retired personnel of the Army, Navy Marine Corps and Coast Guard, and members of the Fleet Naval and Marine Corps Reserves to be hospitalized and be given out-patient treatment at any Army and Navy hospital at their own request, "would seriously interfere with the primary mission of the Medical Department, which is the care and treatment of the active personnel of the Army."

The present practice is to allow retired personnel of the Army to be hospitalized for a "reasonable time" and to admit retired personnel of the Navy and Marine Corps when such is requested officially by the Navy or if commanding officers of Army hospitals deem treatment necessary in particular cases. Army Regulations provide that "Army retired personnel on inactive status will be limited to cases which in the judgment of the commanding officer of the hospital will be benefitted by hospitalization for a reasonable time."

"It is feared," Secretary Woodring stated, "if the bill be enacted into law, that certain hospitals, especially those located near our large cities, would be overloaded with retired personnel who have elected to reside in or near these centers of populations. This condition would be detrimental to the active military service."

"Army hospitals are located, built, equipped and staffed with reference to the needs of the active Army. In late years the tendency has been to widen the scope of their activities so that now admissions are authorized for personnel of the Army, the Navy, active and retired, members of the Officers Reserve Corps, Enlisted Reserve Corps, and National Guard on active duty, members of the ROTC and CMTC attending training camps, dependents of active duty personnel, certain civilian employees, civil seamen and river boatmen under certain conditions, Red Cross and other welfare workers, and beneficiaries of the Veteran Administration. Since the establishment of the CCC it has been necessary to hospitalize their sick and injured in practically every Army hospital in the country."

"It is believed that under existing regulations retired personnel of the Army are afforded adequate hospitalization and treatment consistent with the existing Medical Department facilities. The mandatory acceptance and treatment in Army hospitals of retired personnel upon their request, as contemplated in the proposed legislation, without regard to available facilities or the need for domiciliary or other care and treatment of such persons as determined by Army Medical authorities, would seriously interfere with the primary mission of the Medical Department which is the care and treatment of the active personnel of the Army."

OBITUARIES

Mr. Arthur S. Whitley, father of Col. F. Langley Whitley, 4th Inf., Commanding Post of Ft. Missoula, Mont., died at St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 20, 1937 at the age of 68 years.

Mr. Whitley at the time of his death was one of the oldest residents of St. Louis where he was born in 1854. His

parents later moved to Springfield, Ill., and Arthur at the age of 9 and 10 served as volunteer drummer boy in the Sagamon Union Army Camp at Springfield.

He is survived by a brother, Dr. W. W. Whitley, of Chicago, Ill., a sister, Miss Smiley Maude, of Springfield, and three children, Col. Langley Whitley, Maude O. Whitley, and Dr. A. C. Whitley, of St. Louis, Mo.

Interment services and burial were in the New Pickets cemetery, St. Louis, Nov. 23.

The War Department was notified of the death of Capt. Fred G. French, USA-Ret., Nov. 24, at the Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C.

Captain French was born at Toledo, Ohio, on Sept. 7, 1893. He served in the U. S. Navy as a midshipman from May 10, 1911, to June 3, 1915, before entering into the service of the Army. He received his commission as a 2nd Lieutenant, Coast Artillery Corps, in the Army on Dec. 1, 1916, and served through the different grades, being promoted to 1st lieutenant, Nov. 30, 1916, captain (temporary), Aug. 5, 1917, captain, Oct. 9, 1919. He was retired on Jan. 5, 1927, for disability received in line of duty.

Captain French was a graduate of the Coast Artillery School, Battery Officers' Course, 1922.

He is survived by his widow, and his mother, Mrs. Isabella French.

Col. Benjamin B. Hyer, USA-Ret., died at the Letterman General Hospital, Presidio of San Francisco, Calif., Nov. 19, 1937.

Colonel Hyer was born in New York City, Jan. 6, 1871. He entered the United States Military Academy, West Point, June 15, 1889, and upon graduation on June 12, 1893, was commissioned a 2nd Lieutenant of Cavalry. From Aug. 3 to 31, 1900, he was with the China Relief Expedition, serving as Aide to General Chaffee, and then was at Peking, China, to June, 1901. He was promoted to Captain, Feb. 2, 1901. From Sept. 1, 1903, to Aug. 31, 1904, he served as Professor of Military Science and Tactics at the Westworth Military Academy. On Aug. 5, 1917, he was appointed colonel of Infantry in the National Army, serving in this capacity until March 31, 1919, when he reverted to his regular rank in the army. Colonel Hyer completed a course at the School of the Line and a course at the General Staff School at Fort Leavenworth, Kans. He was detailed as an instructor in Military Science and Tactics at Salt Lake High Schools, Salt Lake City, Utah, until Dec. 31, 1922, when he was retired. In 1924 and in 1932 Colonel Hyer was called back for additional details of duty.

He is survived by his widow, Mrs. Mabel G. Hyer, of 3008 Buchanan St., San Francisco, Calif.

Maj. Schaumburg McGehee, FA, USA, died at New Orleans, La., Nov. 21, while on leave of absence from his station at Fort Bragg, N. C.

Major McGehee was born in New Orleans, La., Feb. 23, 1883. On July 5, 1910 he was commissioned a 2nd Lieutenant of Field Artillery in the Louisiana National Guard to serve non-federally. He continued to serve thus through the ranks of 1st lieutenant, captain and major until June 18, 1916, when he was called into the federal service to serve as captain, Battery A, 1st Field Artillery, Louisiana National Guard from June 19, 1916, to Feb. 28, 1917. Again he served federally as captain with Batteries A, F, and S, 1st Field Artillery, Louisiana National Guard, from April 10, 1917, until September 5, 1920. During this service he was promoted to major on July 12, 1917.

He was commissioned a captain in the regular army on Sept. 5, 1920, and on Jan. 3, 1932 was promoted to major.

Major McGehee was a graduate of the Field Artillery School, Officers' Course, 1924.

He is survived by his widow, Mrs. Laura K. McGehee, who was with him in New Orleans at 5524 Garfield St., and two daughters, Elsie H. and Mary Louise, and a son, Schaumburg, jr.

Births • Marriages • Deaths

(No charge for service notices in this column. Please notify promptly.)

Born

BIERER—Born at Samoa, Nov. 18, 1937, to Lt. Bion B. Bierer, jr., (SC), USN, and Mrs. Bierer, a daughter, Caroline McDougal, granddaughter of the late Capt. Bion Barnett Bierer, USN, and of Capt. John L. Neilson, (MC), USN; the great granddaughter of the late Capt. Charles J. McDougal, USN, and of the late Medical Inspector, John Land Neilson, USN; and the great great granddaughter of the late Rear Adm. David Stockton McDougal, USN.

CLEXTON—Born at Georgetown Hospital, Washington, D. C., Nov. 14, 1937, to Lt. and Mrs. Edward W. Clexton, USN, a son, Edward William, jr.

EARNshaw—Born at Long Beach, Calif., Nov. 8, 1937, to Capt. and Mrs. Joseph Wayne Earnshaw, USMC, a son, Joseph Wayne Earnshaw, jr., grandson of Capt. and Mrs. Ralph Payne Craft, USN-Ret., of Miami, Fla.

EMERY—Born at San Antonio, Tex., Nov. 17, 1937, to Capt. and Mrs. H. R. Emery, Inf., USA, a daughter, Caroline.

GILMOR—Born at Doctors' Hospital, Long Island, N. Y., Nov. 10, 1937, to Mr. and Mrs. Robert Gilmor, a daughter, Elisabeth, granddaughter of Rear Adm. William P. Robert, USN-Ret.

KALAKUKA—Born at Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., Nov. 19, 1937, to Capt. and Mrs. Theodore Kalakuka, Cav., USA, a daughter, Page Ross, granddaughter of the late Maj. Charles A. Ross, Inf., USA, and of Mrs. Ross, and great-grandniece of Col. and Mrs. Ernie E. Wagar, of Washington.

McLEAN—Born at the Winchester Hospital, Winchester, Mass., Nov. 13, 1937, to Lt. and Mrs. Ephraim Rankin McLean, jr., USN, a son, Edward Burns McLean.

PARSONS—Born at Mercy Hospital, San Diego, Calif., Nov. 13, 1937, to Lt. and Mrs. William Sterling Parsons, USN, a daughter.

SAPIA-BOSCH—Born at the Station Hospital, Ft. Harrison, Ind., Nov. 14, 1937, to Maj. and Mrs. T. A. Sapia-Bosch, 11th Inf., USA, a son, Alfonso Franco.

STIRLING—Born at Leigh Memorial Hospital, Norfolk, Va., Nov. 17, 1937, to Lt. and Mrs. Yates Stirling, 3rd (SC), USN, a daughter.

THORP—Born at the Station Hospital, Ft. Knox, Ky., to Capt. and Mrs. Claude A. Thorp, Cav., USA, a daughter, Anita Rogers.

TOTH—Born in Honolulu, T. H., Nov. 17, 1937, to Lt. (jg) and Mrs. Joseph C. Toth, USN, a daughter.

WOOD—Born at Mercy Hospital, Coronado, Calif., Nov. 12, 1937, to Lt. and Mrs. Hunter Wood, jr., USN, a daughter, Hudley.

ZINK—Born at Long Beach, Calif., Oct. 27, 1937, to Lt. (jg) and Mrs. William Talbott Zink, jr., USN, a son, Charles Talbott.

Married

ADAMS-RYAN—Married in Los Angeles, Calif., recently, Miss Bebe Ryan of Baltimore, to Ens. Samuel Adams, USN.

BEHNER-FULLER—Married at the home of Chaplain H. G. Gatlin on Columbus Avenue, Norfolk, Va., Nov. 14, 1937, Mrs. Maude W. Fuller to Lt. Comdr. Herbert C. Behner, USN.

McLALLEN-CASTLEMAN—To be married Nov. 27, 1937, at the Church of the Advent in Louisville, Ky., Miss Alice Tinsley Castleman, daughter of Lt. Col. and Mrs. James P. Castleman, USA-Ret., to Richard Vardell McLallen.

POPE-JANSEN—Married in New Prospect Church, near Pine Bush, N. Y., Nov. 20, 1937, Miss Caroline Bury Jansen, daughter of Lt. Col. and Mrs. Thomas E. Jansen, USA-Ret., to Mr. William Adams Pope.

Died

ANGLEMYER—Died at Canacao, P. I., Sept. 30, 1937, CBM William Willard Anglemyer, USN.

BOSCHEN—Died at Morristown Memorial Hospital, Morristown, N. J., Nov. 19, 1937, Mrs. Bertha Bosch, wife of Chief Marine Gunner Henry Bosch, USMC.

BOWERS—Died at Quantico, Va., Nov. 16, 1937, Sgt. Cleo Stancl Bowers, USMC.

COUGHLAN—Died at Letterman General Hospital, San Francisco, Calif., Nov. 23, 1937, Col. Timothy M. Coughlan, USA-Ret.

DANDRIDGE—Died at Pittsburgh, Pa., Nov. 12, 1937, Sgt. Lewis Dandridge, USA.

FRENCH—Died at the Walter Reed General Hospital, Washington, D. C., Capt. Fred G. French, USA-Ret.

GYDE—Died at Wallace, Idaho, Nov. 17, 1937, Mr. James E. Gyde, father of Mrs. Charles H. Owens, wife of Maj. Charles H. Owens, Inf., USA, Ft. Leavenworth, Kan.

HAIN—Died at Benson's Dry Lake, Calif., Nov. 23, 1937, Lt. (jg) Vernon Rex Hain, USN.

HALL—Died at Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., Nov. 22, 1937, Col. J. DeCamp Hall, USA-Ret.

HARDING—Died at San Juan, Puerto Rico, Nov. 19, 1937, Capt. Frank F. Harding, Captain Harding served with the Wisconsin troops during the Spanish War, and later entered a Puerto Rican regiment several years before retirement.

HILL—Died at Pasay, Rinal, P. I., Sept. 16, 1937, CQM Alexander Hill, FNR-Ret.

HOWELL—Died at Baltimore, Md., Nov. 22, 1937, Mrs. W. N. Howell, mother of Capt. Charles F. Howell, USCG.

HYER—Died at Letterman General Hospital, Presidio of San Francisco, Calif., Nov. 19, 1937, Col. Benjamin B. Hyer, USA-Ret.

ISBELL—Died at Bay Pines, Fla., Nov. 23, 1937, Col. Ernest L. Isbell, World War Commander of the 102nd Connecticut Infantry.

KELLY—Died at Gorgas Hospital, Panama, Nov. 10, 1937, Sgt. Loy Kelly, of the 15th Observation Squadron, Albrook Fld., USA.

KNOLLER—Died in airplane crash near Campbellsburg, Ky., Nov. 21, 1st Lt. George Knoller, Air-Res., USA.

McGHEE—Died at New Orleans, La., Nov. 21, 1937, Maj. Schaumburg McGehee, FA, USA.

MATTHEWS—Died in airplane crash near Campbellsburg, Ky., Nov. 21, Capt. Joseph Edwin Matthews, Air-Res., USA.

MEACHEM—Died at San Diego, Calif., Nov. 21, 1937, Ens. Harry F. Mechem, USN-Ret.

MOON—Died at Hotel Chamberlain at Old Point Comfort, Va., Nov. 19, 1937, Capt. Odas Moon, AC, USA.

OVER—Died at San Diego, Calif., Nov. 19, 1937, Mrs. Gertrude Lillian Over, mother of Maj. Rollo Preston Bourbon, MC, USA.

PAGE—Died at Frederick, Md., Nov. 16, 1937, Dudley Page, father of Lt. Dudley M. Page, USN, and of the late Lt. (jg) Calvin P. Page, USN.

PATTON—Died at Washington, D. C., Nov. 25, 1937, Rear Adm. Raymond S. Patton, director of the Coast and Geodetic Survey.

RAPER—Died at Indianapolis, Ind., Oct. 21, 1937, CGM Lewis Bennett Raper, USN-Ret.

RYAN—Died at Vahalla, N. Y., Oct. 22, 1937, Capt. Vincent P. Ryan, USA-Ret.

SNYDER—Died at Washington, D. C., Nov. 17, 1937, Mrs. Little A. Snyder, widow of W. O. Hiram B. Snyder, USA.

STEFANSKI—Died at U. S. Naval Hospital, Pensacola, Fla., Oct. 29, 1937, CBM Stanley Stefanski, USN.

STOWELL—Died at the Naval Submarine Base, Coco Solo, Canal Zone, Nov. 24, 1937, Lt. Col. George A. Stowell, USMC.

STRAUB—Died at Los Angeles, Calif., Nov. 25, 1937, Col. Paul F. Straub, MC, USA-Ret., holder of the Congressional Medal of Honor.

WALKE—Died at Ft. Omaha, Neb., Nov. 15, 1937, Mrs. Willoughby Walke, widow of Brig. Gen. Willoughby Walke, USA. She is survived by her daughters, Mrs. James Totten and Mrs. Robert C. Garrett, both of Ft. Omaha.

WHITLEY—Died at St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 20, 1937, Arthur S. Whitley, father of Col. F. L. Whitley, 4th Inf., Commanding Post of Ft. Missoula, Mont., USA.

WILLIAMS—Died at Quantico, Va., Nov. 16, 1937, St. Sgt. Herman Leroy Williams, USMC.

YOUNG—Died at New York City, N. Y., Oct. 22, 1937, Capt. John Van Doren Young, FMCR.

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MERCHANT MARINE

Defense Marine Requirements

In its study of the relationship between the development of an American Merchant Marine and the National Defense, the Maritime Commission, in its comprehensive economic survey, included a discussion of the use of shipping in connection with war materials. The discussion of this phase follows:

War Materials. In addition to technical military functions, merchant vessels must also serve the demands of commerce in time of war. Enormous quantities of raw materials, many of them vital to the operation of American industries, must be brought in from foreign sources of supply. Other imports should be continued as far as possible in order to avoid disruption of the domestic market and discomfort to the civilian population. To pay for imports, and to preserve our position in foreign markets, it is also necessary to carry on a large export trade.

All of these considerations make it expedient for the United States to maintain a sizable Merchant Marine in the international carrying trades.

In its study of the relationship that exists between merchant shipping and national defense, the Commission has given considerable thought to budgetary aspects of the situation. The Commission recognizes the necessity for a sizable Merchant Marine as an auxiliary to the armed forces. The Commission, furthermore, will do everything in its power to increase the efficacy of the auxiliary fleet. The Commission does not believe, however, that expenditures made for military purposes should be taken from the Merchant Marine appropriation unless clearly earmarked.

The nation has a right to know the purposes for which its money is being spent. National defense requirements increase the cost of construction of vessels and add also to the cost of operation. They may even involve the construction of vessels of sizes and types not required by purely commercial con-

siderations. Attributing these expenditures to the commercial fleet tends to distort the picture with regard to both private and public operation. The Commission believes that these added costs, incurred entirely for reasons of defense, should be segregated.

Reserve Flyers to Fleet

The Navy Department announced this week the names and new assignments of eighteen Naval Reserve Aviation Cadets who were designated as Naval Aviators on Oct. 28, 1937 and are ordered to active duty with aircraft squadrons of the Fleet. They will be detached from the Naval Air Station, Pensacola, on or about Nov. 30, 1937.

Harry H. McClain, Fighting Squadron 3, Saratoga.

Harvey O. Feilbach, Scouting Squadron 41, Ranger.

Thomas A. Jaeger, Scouting Squadron 42, Ranger.

Hart D. Hilton, Torpedo Squadron 5, Yorktown.

William G. Privette, Jr., Torpedo Squadron 5, Yorktown.

Frederick M. Prouty, Torpedo Squadron 5, Yorktown.

Charles W. Shattuck, Torpedo Squadron 6, Yorktown.

Albert H. Willis, Torpedo Squadron 6, Yorktown.

Walter C. Michaels, Torpedo Squadron 6, Yorktown.

Ralph M. Jones, Torpedo Squadron 6, Yorktown.

William Freeman, Utility Squadron 1, Rigel.

Orville A. Oistad, Utility Squadron 2, Rigel.

Walter M. Hunter, Jr., Patrol Squadron 9, Wright.

Robert I. Conrad, Patrol Squadron 16, Teal.

Salvatore J. Patroni, Patrol Squadron 19, Teal.

Anton J. Sintic, Jr., Patrol Squadron 10, Pearl Harbor.

Nell C. Porter, Patrol Squadron 5, Coco Solo.

William J. Cockrell, Patrol Squadron 6, Pearl Harbor.

Distillers Corp. Dividends

Directors of Distillers Corporation-Seagrams Limited in announcing declaration of a dividend of 50c per share on the outstanding Common Stock of the Corporation for the quarter ending October 31st, 1937, simultaneously announced an unusual step in corporation finance.

The dividend of 50c per share on the

outstanding 1,742,645 Common shares of the Corporation will be payable on December 21st to holders of record December 6th.

The unusual procedure in corporate finance, covered the acceptance by the directors of an offer, made on behalf of the Bronfman family, which holds over 55% of the outstanding Common Stock of the Company, to turn the cash for the dividends they would receive, approximately \$480,000.00, back to the Company, together with an additional cash sum for the purchase of \$500,000.00 Cumulative Preferred Stock 5% Series with warrants attached, at a price of \$100.00 (United States currency) plus accrued dividends per share.

Financial Digest

The condition statement of weekly reporting member banks in 101 leading cities shows the following principal changes for the week ended Nov. 17: Decreases of \$42,000,000 in commercial, industrial and agricultural loans, \$12,000,000 in loans to brokers and dealers in securities, and \$45,000,000 in demand deposits-adjusted; increases of \$142,000,000 in deposits credited to domestic banks, \$112,000,000 in balances with domestic banks, and \$50,000,000 in reserve balances with Federal Reserve banks.

Commercial, industrial and agricultural loans declined \$28,000,000 in New York City and \$42,000,000 at all reporting member banks. Loans to brokers and dealers in securities declined \$8,000,000 in New York City and \$12,000,000 at all reporting member banks. Loans to banks declined \$9,000,000 in New York City. "Other loans" declined \$9,000,000.

Holdings of United States Government direct obligations increased \$29,000,000 in New York City and declined \$22,000,000 in the Richmond district, all reporting member banks showing a net increase of \$2,000,000 for the week. Holdings of obligations fully guaranteed by the United States Government declined \$3,000,000 and holdings of "Other securities" declined \$9,000,000.

Demand deposits-adjusted declined \$17,000,000 in New York City, \$42,000,000 elsewhere in the New York district, \$10,000,000 in the Chicago district and \$8,000,000 in the Richmond district, and in-

creased \$15,000,000 in the Cleveland district, \$13,000,000 in the San Francisco district and \$11,000,000 in the Dallas district, all reporting member banks showing a net decrease of \$45,000,000 for the week. Time deposits declined \$8,000,000 in New York City and \$6,000,000 at all reporting member banks.

Deposits credited to domestic banks increased \$64,000,000 in New York City, \$22,000,000 in the Kansas City district, \$21,000,000 in the Chicago district and \$11,000,000 in the San Francisco district, and \$142,000,000 at all reporting member banks. Deposits credited to foreign banks declined \$14,000,000 in New York City.

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Naval Reserve Lectures

The following lectures for Naval Reserve and Merchant Marine Reserve officers will be given at the Headquarters of the Commandant, Third Naval District, Room 709, Federal Building, Washington and Christopher Sts., New York, N. Y.:
Dec. 15, 1937, "Naval Strategy" by Capt. A. C. Stott, USN, Chief of Staff, Third Naval District.

Jan. 12, 1938, "Battle of Jutland" by Lt. R. R. McGregor, USN.

Feb. 16, 1938, "Exploration in the Antarctic" with motion pictures, by Lt. (Jg) Carl O. Petersen, C-V(S), USNR, Official Film Photographer Byrd Antarctic Expedition.

March 16, 1938, "Commerce Destruction and Auxiliary Craft in War" by Lt. Comdr. T. W. Sheridan, D-V(G), USNR.

April 15, 1938, subject and lecturer to be announced at a later date.

Candidates For USMA

The following-named candidates have been designated for the March 1, 1938, entrance examination with a view to admission to the United States Military Academy at West Point, New York, on July 1, 1938.

National Guard

Joseph Anthony Rotelli, Pvt., Hq. Btry. & Combat Tr., 3d Bn., 102d FA, Conn. NG.

Robert J. Greenwalt, Pvt., 1st Cl., Co. A, 108th Inf., Iowa NG.

Francis Eugene Voegeli, Cpl., Hdqrs. Co., 137th Inf., Kansas NG.

Nicholas Demo Clainos, Cpl., Hq. Btry. & C. Tr., 2d Bn., 172d FA, N. H. NG.

Thomas Seelye Arms, Jr., Pvt., Hq. Co., 145th Inf., Ohio NG.

John Grandison Delamater, Cpl., Co. B, 166th Inf., Ohio NG.

Robert Mueller Calland, Master Sgt., Hq. Btry., 136th FA, Ohio NG.

Presidential

Harry A. Clark, Jr., Washington, D. C.

Albert M. Ellis, Leavenworth, Kans.

John Morris Field, 3d, Washington, D. C.

William Skinner Fulton, Jr., San Antonio, Tex.

Hugh Francis Gallagher, Jr., Seaman 1st Cl., U. S. Navy, USS Concord, San Diego, Calif.

Walter William Gilmore, Jr., Los Angeles, Calif.

John Jay Gorman, Ft. William D. Davis, Canal Zone.

Armand Talbert Holderman, c/o Drew Preparatory School, 2901 California Street, San Francisco, Calif.

Lawrence Lahm, c/o Col. F. P. Lahm, USA, Hdqrs., Second Corps Area, Governors Island, New York.

John B. McNeil, Washington, D. C.

Russell Lowell Maughan, c/o Fishburne Military School, Waynesboro, Va.

Robert Wardlaw Moorman, Clemson, S. C.

Paul A. Morton, Pvt., Schofield Barracks, T. H.

William L. Starnes, Jr., c/o Lt. Col. W. L. Starnes, USA, 11th Med. Reg., Schofield Barracks, T. H.

Fred O. Wickham, Jr., c/o Maj. F. O. Wickham, USA, Schofield Barracks, T. H.

John Hamlin Traylor, Jr., Washington, D. C.

Daniel Edwards West, Memphis, Tenn.

Oscar N. Korsmo, Minneapolis, Minn.

Robert E. Lees, Staunton, Va.

Howard L. Wadley, Chicago, Ill.

National Guard and Reserves in Class at Chemical Warfare School

Edgewood Arsenal, Md.—The following students were graduated from the Basic Class here Nov. 20, 1937:

Captains—David B. Barton, Sig. C.,

Wilson P. Colberg, Inf., PRNG, Nonie W. Gable, FA, Fla. NG, Edward B. Gallant, CA (HD), Mass. NG, Charles W. Gettys, CAC, Robert L. Granger, Inf., Pa. NG,

William Haralson, FA, Miss. NG, Robert C. McCoy, Inf., Wis. NG, John L. Pickett, FA, Mass. NG, Elliot Ramsay, Inf., Tex. NG, Harry Schwolsky, Inf., Conn. NG,

Harry J. Webb, Inf., Calif. NG.

1st Lieutenants—James O. Boswell, Inf., Sidney G. Brown, Jr., Inf., Wilbur B. Carleton, Cav., N. C. NG, Emory E. Hackman, CAC, Denzil R. Lowe, FA, Kan. NG, Henry M. Miller, Cav., N. Mex. NG, Thurman R. Schnitz, Cav., Tex. N. G., O'Dillon C. Turner, FA, Maine NG,

William S. Waldo, Cav., Ga. NG.

2nd Lieutenants—Jack H. Anderson, CW-Res., Jack E. Babcock, CW-Res., Louis A. Cooper, CE, Mo. NG, Frederick J. Dooley, Inf., Thaddeus R. Dulin, Inf.,

Charles R. Etzler, Inf., James N. Grannade, Jr., CW-Res., Fred H. Jaeger, CE, Fla. NG, Arthur W. Oberbeck, CE, John A. Poje, CW-Res., Ruben M. Rankow, CW-Res., Thomas B. Simpson, CE, John J. Tolson, III, Inf.

Enlistments in Naval Reserve

The Bureau of Navigation states that it is apparent, from information recently received from sources afloat, that the privileges and benefits of the Naval Reserve, Class V-4, are not generally understood, or are not sufficiently well explained to men who indicate their intention not to re-enlist upon discharge from their current terms of enlistment.

The Bureau desires that the responsible officers, both on the ship transferring a man for discharge, and the ship or station actually making the discharge familiarize themselves with this subject, with the objective of increasing the number of enlistments in this class of Naval Reserve.

Reserve Officers Decorated

Announcement was made this week of the following awards of soldiers' medals:

"William R. Taube, first lieutenant, FA-Res., USA. For heroism displayed in assisting in rescuing three persons from drowning in the Pymatuning Reservoir, Westford, Pennsylvania on May 2, 1937. Seeing a canoe had capsized in the center of the lake, a passing motorist called for help. Lieutenant Taube, together with two other officers responded. While one of the officers swam to the rescue of a member of the party, Lieutenant Taube obtained the only small boat available in order to effect the rescue of the other members of the party who were in grave danger of drowning and who were clinging desperately to the overturned canoe. Realizing the inadequacy of the boat for this purpose, Lieutenant Taube undauntedly took the position at the oars, and summoning another officer to accompany him, set out against a severe wind and rough water. After skillful manipulation of the craft and with constant bailing to keep afloat they eventually effected the rescue of the party in distress."

Lieutenant Taube is at present on duty at CCC Camp ANF-I-Pa., Pigeon, Pa.

"Albert B. Cipriani, second lieutenant, Inf.-Res., USA. For heroism displayed in assisting in rescuing three persons from drowning in the Pymatuning Reservoir, Westford, Pennsylvania on May 2, 1937. Seeing a canoe had capsized in the center of the lake, a passing motorist called for help. Lieutenant Cipriani immediately plunged into the icy water and, although encountering considerable difficulty succeeded in helping one of the party to shore. Then, realizing that the other members of the party were in grave danger of drowning and were clinging desperately to the overturned canoe, Lieutenant Cipriani accompanied one of the officers in a frail boat against a severe wind and rough water. After skillful manipulation of the craft and with constant bailing to keep afloat they eventually effected the rescue of the party in distress."

Lieutenant Cipriani is at present on duty at CCC Camp SP-11, Westford, Pa.

Addresses National Guard and Reserves

Ft. Snelling, Minn.—Approximately 200 Regular, National Guard and Reserve Officers heard Brig. Gen. Philip B. Peyton, commanding the 12th Infantry Brigade at Ft. Sheridan, Ill., when he appeared before the Ft. Snelling Advanced Officers' School at 8:00 P. M., November 18. General Peyton's subject was "Leadership." He was presented by Brig. Gen. C. B. Hodges, commanding the 14th Brigade.

Following General Peyton's address, a mimeographed list of questions and answers on leadership were distributed. From this list selected questions will be presented to the class at their next meeting.

Tell your friends to subscribe to the Army and Navy Journal and keep in touch with the service personnel.

Addresses Naval Reserves

Lt. Comdr. Leland P. Lovette, USN, of the Press Relations Branch of Naval Intelligence, addressed the Naval Reserve officers of the District of Columbia on the subject "Naval Customs and Traditions" on Tuesday, Nov. 23, at the Naval Reserve Armory in Washington.

Commander Lovette stressed the place occupied by the Naval Reserve in the American Naval establishment, and pointed out that Naval officers were becoming more and more acquainted with the Naval Reserve and its policies and that the regular Navy officers will make every effort to cooperate with Naval Reserve activities coming under their jurisdiction.

The Bureau of Navigation recently published a circular letter, requesting all Naval officers coming in contact with Reserve activities to bend every effort to see that Naval Reserve personnel get full advantage of active duty training and that members of the Naval Reserve be permitted to "learn by doing" instead of occupying a spectators role while under instruction.

Commander Lovette went into the various customs and traditions of American Naval usage that have sprung up, and cited among other things the great power that custom and tradition has in holding the Navy together and blending it into an efficient and capable fighting force.

Reserves in Army Exercises

From the final reports, now in process of compilation, of the Army exercises held this summer it is learned that 1803 Reserve officers received fourteen days active duty training in connection with the four concentrations of the Fourth Army. The reports yield the following pertinent statistics concerning the utilization of Reserve officers with the Fourth Army maneuvers:

Source of Reserve Officers	Ordered to Report	Actually Reported and Trained
VII Corps Area	921	876
IX Corps Area	952	927
Total—Fourth Army 1873		1803

With reference to the proportionate numbers of Reserve officers of the Arms and Services, of Field officers and officers of company grade actually trained, the following is revealed:

	Number of Total	Percent
Officers of the Arms	1505	83.4
Officers of the Services	298	16.6
Field Officers	169	9.4
Company Officers	1634	90.6

It is noted, also, that 90 Reserve officers were utilized as umpires and that the balance received training with troops, or in staff and administrative assignments. Of those attached to troops approximately 70% served with line organizations, and 30% with the staffs.

While the strength reports necessarily varied somewhat from day to day, a typical combined daily return shows that 5520 officers of the Regular Army, National Guard and Organized Reserves were in attendance at the four concentrations of the Fourth Army. Of these, 1803, or 32% of the total, were Reserve officers. This is an appreciable increase in the utilization of Reserve officers with the Fourth Army in comparison to the numbers participating in previous Army Exercises. The increase is attributed largely to the following favorable factors:

1. A progressively enhanced appreciation of the value to the Organized Reserves of the type of active duty training offered through participation in Army Exercises.

2. Improved cooperation of National Guard and Regular Army commanders which is largely due to the favorable reports from previous Army Exercises that Reserve officers participating therein acquitted themselves creditably; that they were, in the main, competent and industrious.

3. The active efforts of Regular Army officers on Organized Reserve duty to have Reserve officers included in the plans for the Army Exercises.

4. And advanced planning by the Army staffs to the end that Reserve officers participating would be given worthwhile

assignments, and that field equipment would be made available so that they could take part in all phases of the exercise and not be restricted to staff or administrative duties.

In general, the use made of Reserve officers with the Fourth Army Maneuvers discloses some unique departures from what had been attempted in Army Exercises previously conducted.

For the first time, insofar as is known to date, Reserve officers were used as umpires on an equality with officers of the Regular Army. In every case the assignments were performed with satisfaction, and there were several instances of superior performance by Reserve officers.

All Reserve officers were given actual command or staff assignments; none were ordered as "observers," nor permitted to attend on an inactive status.

Every eligible and suitable Reserve officer who applied for active duty with the Fourth Army, and who could arrange to attend, was utilized. In fact, the procurement objective covering Reserve officer employment could not be completely filled. This was due partly to the inability of some officers to arrange vacation dates conforming to the maneuver periods, and partly to the lack of eligible applicants.

Reports from individual Reserve officers reveal a high degree of gratification for the training received. There was unanimous appreciation of the unusual opportunity for actual service with troops, and with few exceptions those on staff and administrative duties expressed satisfaction with their assignments.

Participation by officers of all components of the Army of the United States in these Army exercises has, it is well known, been entirely worth the cost in furnishing invaluable training for all ranks. However, an additional and equally valuable result is the complete justification of the Army School System. Officers, collected from all components and all branches have of necessity been hastily thrown together to form technical, tactical and administrative staffs, or placed with troops in the field. Although many of the officers were complete strangers to each other, no appreciable period of mutual adjustment was needed, for all had a common indoctrination from the service schools—they all spoke the same language.

Saluting the President

AR 600-25, paragraph 13b has been changed as follows:

b. Except in the case of the President and an ex-President of the United States, salutes and honors are rendered only when the persons mentioned in "a" above are officially visiting a military post, camp, or station. When the President of the United States aboard any vessel or craft flying the President's flag passes an Army post which is equipped to fire salutes, the post commander will upon advance notice from the President's aide fire the national salute, except as provided in paragraph 11c.

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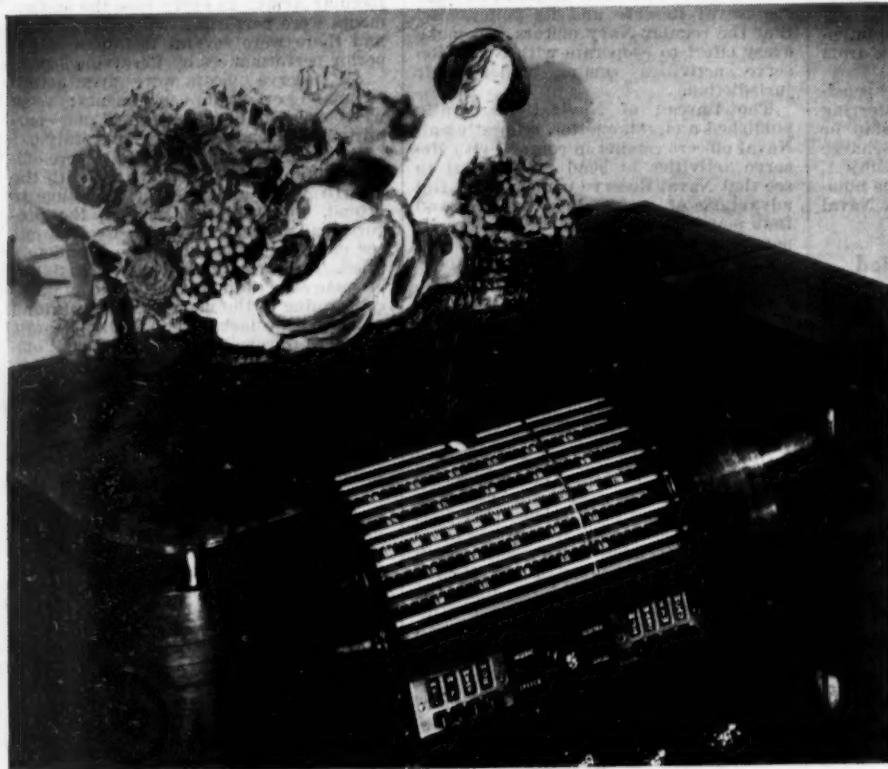
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5. Only one band lights up at a time. 6. Dial is curved back for easy reading. 7. Arrangement of dial and control is patterned after organ console. 8. Overseas Dial makes tuning for short wave stations as easy as tuning for domestic stations. 9. Any one of your eight favorite stations can be tuned automatically by Electric Tuning. 10. You can tune this radio from your favorite armchair. 11. Can easily be made into a fine electric phonograph with RCA Victor Record Player, so that you can play records at any time.



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As distinguished in performance as in appearance, this RCA Victor Model 813K will give you a totally new conception of how fine radio can be. A 13-tube, 5-band superheterodyne, it provides all the thrilling performance extras of Electric Tuning, Overseas Dial, Sonic-Arc Magic Voice, Magic Brain, Magic Eye, RCA Metal Tubes, High Frequency Tone Control and a wealth of other features—all proof of RCA Victor quality and value! (Armchair Control available at slight extra cost.)

New RCA Victor Overseas Dial

Exclusive RCA Victor foreign station feature shares popularity with Electric Tuning as thousands discover thrill of "push a button—there's your station"

TUNE in on the world! RCA Victor's exclusive new Overseas Dial now makes it as easy to tune for foreign stations as for domestic broadcasts.

Above is a picture of an RCA Victor with the new Overseas Dial. Look at this amazing and exclusive feature. See how the short wave bands are spread out. Each is more than 9½ inches wide. Stations are 50 times farther apart than formerly. The Overseas Dial is like an organ console built to play all radio. On its curved dial the names of stations of the world are clearly shown. Your easy selection, and by the instrument, RCA Victor delivers new radio thrills and

Only RCA Victor offers the Overseas Dial, the first ever planned to make foreign programs a regular part of your radio entertainment. An exclusive twin feature that goes with every Overseas Dial is RCA Victor Electric Tuning. It is really automatic. *Push a button—there's your station.* Your favorite programs tuned as simply as turning on an electric light.

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